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INDO-BRITISH TREATY IN MAKING

CRIPPS OFFER AS BASIS OF FRESH TALKS

Wavell Will Meet Leaders After General Elections

NEW DELHI, September 19. (A.P.I.): "It is the intention of His Majesty's Government to convene as soon as possible a Constitution Making Body, and as a preliminary step they have authorised me to undertake, immediately after the elections, discussions with representatives of the Legislative Assemblies in the Provinces, to ascertain whether the proposals contained in the 1942 Declaration are acceptable or whether some alternative or modified scheme is preferrable", announced the Viceroy in his broadcast speech to-night.

His Excellency said that discussions would also be undertaken with representatives of the Indian States with a view to ascertaining in what way they could best take their part in the Constitution-Making Body.

The Viceroy added: "His Majesty's Government have further authorised me, as soon as the results of the provincial elections are published, to take steps to bring into being an Executive Council which will have the support of the main Indian parties".

TEXT OF VICEROY'S BROADCAST

The following is the text of the Viceroy's broadcast:—

"After my recent discussions with His Majesty's Government in London, they authorised me to make the following announcement:—

"As stated in the gracious speech from the Throne at the opening of Parliament, His Majesty's Government are determined to do their utmost to promote, in conjunction with the leaders of Indian opinion, the early realisation of full self-Government in India. During my visit to London they have discussed with me the steps to be taken.

"An announcement has already been made that elections to the Central and Provincial Legislatures, so long postponed owing to the war, are to be held during the coming cold weather. Thereafter His Majesty's Government earnestly hope that Ministerial responsibility will be accepted by political leaders in all provinces.

TALKS AFTER ELECTIONS

"It is the intention of His Majesty's Government to convene as soon as possible a Constitution-Making Body and, as a preliminary step, they have authorised me to undertake, immediately after the elections, discussions with representatives of the Legislative Assemblies in the Provinces, to ascertain whether the proposals contained in the 1942 Declaration are acceptable or whether some alternative or modified scheme is preferable.

Discussions will also be undertaken with the representatives of the Indian States with a view to ascertaining in what way they can best take their part in the Constitution-Making Body.

INDO-BRITISH TREATY

"His Majesty's Government are proceeding to the consideration of the Treaty which will require to be concluded between Great Britain and India.

"During these preparatory stages the Government of India must be carried on and urgent economic and social problems must be dealt with. Furthermore, India has to play her full part in working out the new world order. His Majesty's Government have, therefore, further authorised me, as soon as the results of the provincial elections are published, to take steps to bring into being an Executive Council which will have the support of the main Indian parties."

WHITEHALL IN EARNEST

That is the end of the announcement which His Majesty's Government have authorised me to make. It means a great deal. It means that His Majesty's Government are determined to go ahead with the task of bringing India to self-Government at the earliest possible date. They have, as you can well imagine, a great number of most important and urgent problems on their hands; but despite all their preoccupations, they have taken time, almost in their first days of Office, to give attention to the Indian problem, as one of the first and most important. That fact is a measure of the earnest resolve of His Majesty's Government to help India to achieve early self-Government.

COMPLEX & DIFFICULT

The task of making and implementing a new Constitution for India is a complex and difficult one, which will require goodwill, co-operation and patience on the part of all concerned. We must first hold elections so that the will of the Indian electorate may be known. It is not possible to undertake any major alteration of the franchise system. This would delay matters for at least two years. But we are doing our best to revise the existing electoral rolls efficiently. After the elections, I propose to hold discussions with representatives of those elected and of the Indian States to determine the form which the Constitution-Making Body should take, its powers and procedure.

NEW PROCEDURE

The draft Declaration of 1942 proposed a method of setting up a Constitution-Making Body, but His Majesty's Government recognised that, in view of the great issues involved and the delicacy of the minority problems, consultation with the people's representatives is necessary before the form of the Constitution-Making Body is finally determined.

The above procedure seems to His Majesty's Government and myself the best way open to us to give India the opportunity of deciding her destiny. We are well aware of the difficulties to be overcome, but are determined to overcome them. I can certainly assure you that the Government and all sections of the British people are anxious to help India which has given us so much help in winning this war. I for my part will do my best in the service of the people of India to help them to arrive at their goal, and I firmly believe that it can be done.

It is now for Indians to show that they have the wisdom, faith and courage to determine in what way they can best reconcile their differences and how their country can be governed by Indians for Indians.

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NO IMMEDIATE NOTE OF TRUST

New Statement On India Fails To Appreciate Urgency Of Situation

LONDON, Sept. 19 (A.P.A.)—Disappointment was expressed here to-night over the speech of Lord Wavell in India, but nevertheless some British experts on India felt the broadcast opened the way toward the forming of a Constituent Assembly there.

Reginald Sorensen, Labour M.P., declared that "although there may be some advance in the proposals, I am disappointed that there is not a more immediate note of trust in the statement. I had assumed that the invitation to the Congress to form the Provincial Ministries would be operative immediately. But if this is contingent on the elections first taking place, then it indicates in my estimation to a failure to appreciate the urgency of the situation."

He said the suggested re-composition of the Executive Council "of course must be related to the question of how much power is also transferred. But in any case, it is for the Indian peoples and the political leaders to judge for themselves how far they consider the proposals are a wider awakening to the Indian national flame."

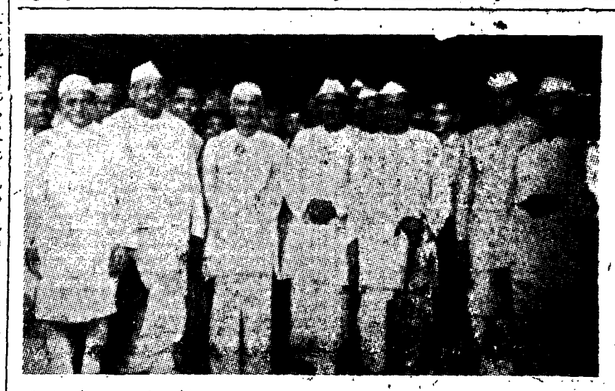
The India League declined to offer comment.

A British expert on India, who declined the use of his name, said: "The Viceroy's broadcast offers India the way for a Constituent Assembly for which the national politicians have all along been asking. If Indian leaders get together, it must open a much wider political horizon and also offer full scope for the realization of their political aims."

Professor Ganguli said: "I warn the Indian leaders and the Indian peoples not to be taken in by the British Government which merely seeks to strengthen her (Britain's) hold on India's economic resources.

"First and foremost there must be no underhand interference by the British Government in India either directly or through its many agents. The election platform should flatly advocate the formation of a Constituent Assembly and not any interim arrangement by the Viceroy for an adjusted Cabinet.

"The time for temporary expedience is past. Any dilly dallying will drive India to a revolutionary pitch."



Babu Sriprakash, Babu Sampurnanand, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha and Acharya Narendra Deo who arrived in the city on Wednesday evening to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting.

MOLOTOV UPSETS 'BIG FIVE' MINISTERS' MEETING

Reaction To Soviet Foreign Commissar's Press Conference Statement

LONDON, Sept. 19 (U.P.A.): A head-on clash of Soviet and Anglo-American interests on two major points to-day appeared to threaten the success of the Big Five Foreign Ministers' Council.

The British Press was blunt in reaction to M. Molotov's hint that Russia was interested in obtaining the trusteeship of one or more of the Italian Mediterranean colonies.

The second, and even greater, threat was seen in Russia's adamant defence of the so-called "democratic" governments established in Bulgaria, Rumania and Hungary.

The Anglo-American success in forcing the postponement of the Bulgarian elections was a tremendous blow to Communist prestige throughout south-eastern Europe. Informed sources said the Communists could not muster more than 300,000 votes out of the total Bulgarian electorate of two million. Russia is reported to have 100,000 troops in Bulgaria with the Communists capitalizing on their presence. America and Britain have about a hundred each.

LONDON, September 19. (A.P.A.): The ancient border argument between Yugoslavia and Italy was given to the Foreign Ministers of the world's Five Great Powers for their consideration to-day.

Conflicting claims and statistics had been presented by both sides and by representatives of Australia, New Zealand and South Africa and these were to be sifted by the Big Five before they would draw up a draft of the Italian treaty.

The Yugoslav delegation received favoured treatment because they were full fledged Allies.

Yugoslav Vice-Premier Edward Kardelj presented his case yesterday and claimed all of Venezia Giulia and the territory west of Italy's border in 1914 according to reliable reports.

The Italian Foreign Minister Alcide de Gasperi asserted in turn that Italy wanted the Wilson Line as a frontier. The line is somewhat west of the pre-war border, leaving the Yugoslavs the port of Fiume and according to de Gasperi about 30 per cent of Italy's coalmines and 12 1/2 per cent of Italy's mercury resources.

The border line suggested by former American President Woodrow Wilson and favoured by the Anglo-Americans runs about 15 miles from the eastern tip of the Istrial peninsula almost due north. More than half the peninsula and the important port of Trieste would remain in Italian hands if this line were accepted.

The three British Dominions were understood to incline more towards Yugoslavia than either the Americans or the British and emphasized their share in the African fighting against the Italian legions.

Meanwhile a decision on the frontier appeared to depend considerably on the Russian attitude which Foreign Commissar Molotov has not yet clarified fully.

TRIESTE ISSUE

LONDON, September 19. (U.P.A.): The Big Five Foreign Ministers met to-day to argue the disposal of the Trieste question after hearing the views of Italy, Yugoslavia and British Dominions in yesterday's session.

A Foreign Office commentator told the United Press of America that British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin had discussions with Greek Regent Archbishop Damaskinos (who left for Greece this morning) and told him Greece was at liberty to present her views in writing to the Foreign Ministers' Council. It is understood Greece had hoped to press her claim to the Dodecanese Islands.

Stalin May Quit Next Winter

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 19.

In an article in the "Paris Presse", Yves Delbars, who is the paper's Russian expert, says that Stalin may retire next Winter owing to bad health.

Without disclosing his source, Delbars reveals that Stalin's visit to Stalingrad at the time of the siege in the Winter of 1942 led to illness which, in conjunction with the long-standing liver trouble, worried his colleagues, but Stalin refuses to take rest. Therefore, he is said to have grown old almost as rapidly and surprisingly as did the late President Roosevelt.

Delbars believes that Stalin's illnesses have now become frequent and the Politbureau in Moscow is at present discussing the question of his successor.

RAJA RAJWADE DEAD

BOMBAY, Sept. 19 (A.P.I.): The death occurred here to-night after a brief illness of Maj.-Gen. Sardar Raja G. R. Rajwade, retired Army Minister of the Gwalior Government. Gen. Rajwade served in the Great War, and was mentioned in despatches twice. He was a permanent member of the Standing Army Committee of the Chamber of Princes.

PATTABHI ON SATARA SITUATION

POONA, Sept. 19 (A.P.I.)—Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, member of the Congress Working Committee, in his address to a Students' meeting at the Law College said that he regretted that while the whole country had become normal, repression was still going on in Satara district. The Mahrathas, the traditional empire-builders, adhered to the cult of 'Do or Die.' "Empire-builders are practical men and do not care for non-violence. In Satara the spirit of resistance to injustice still prevails. That might be the beginning of the end of the British rule in India."

NO LOAN WITHOUT INTEREST?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (A.P.A.): British and American negotiators were scheduled to renew their conferences to-day with the first direct discussion of the size and type of possible financial aid to be given to Britain.

Now that Lord Keynes, British Economist, has completed presentation of Britain's external obligations, the Financial Committees headed by Secretary of the Treary, Fred M. Vinson and Lord Keynes will meet to attempt to smooth out divergent viewpoints.

All signs indicate that Britain will not accept any regular loan with interest while the United States feels that it cannot offer any kind of financial aid without some sort of interest arrangement if it expects Congress to approve the transaction.

Prospects are that at least several more weeks of discussion will be required before an acceptable compromise is worked out.

Meanwhile it was learned that simultaneous conference intended to settle Britain's Lend-Lease account still are in the opening stage and that talk of the size of interim aid designed to permit the purchase of former Lend-Lease goods has not even started.

CALCUTTA MAYOR ON TRAM STRIKE

CALCUTTA, September, 19. (A.P.I) The Mayor of Calcutta at today's meeting of the Corporation, referred to the strike and said that he had asked the Chief Executive Officer to write to Government on the subject.

He urged both Government and the Tramway Company to settle the dispute without delay and thus remove the difficulties caused to the public.

(See Page 6)

(Continued from col. 7)

have in Europe, Africa and Asia played a splendid part in defeating the forces of tyranny and aggression. India has shared to the full with the rest of the United Nations the task of saving Freedom and Democracy. Victory came through unity and through the readiness of all to sink their differences in order to attain the supreme object, victory. I would ask all Indians to follow this great example and to join together in a united effort to work out a Constitution which the majority and minority communities will accept as a just and fair Constitution, in which both the States and Provinces can find their place. The British Government will do their utmost to give every assistance in their power, and India can be assured of the sympathy of the British people."

TERMS WON'T PREJUDICE INDIAN INTERESTS

Premier Attlee's Assurance: Govt. Policy Explained

LONDON, September 19. (Reuter): The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, announced in a broadcast to-night that the British Government was giving immediate consideration to the contents of a Treaty with the India Constitution-Making Body as envisaged in the declaration of policy towards India of 1942 which "stands in all its fullness and purpose".

"It can be said here", said Mr. Attlee, "that in that Treaty we shall not seek to provide for anything imcompatible with the interests of India".

TEXT OF ATTLEE'S BROADCAST

The following is the full text of Prime Minister Attlee's broadcast:

"The King's speech at the opening of the new Parliament contained this passage. 'In accordance with the promises already made to my Indian peoples, my Government will do their utmost to promote in conjunction with leaders of Indian opinion early realization of full self-Government in India.'

"Immediately after assuming Office, the Government turned its attention to Indian affairs and invited the Viceroy to come home in order to review with him the whole situation, economic and political. These discussions have now concluded and the Viceroy has returned to India and has made an announcement of policy.

You will remember that in 1942 the Coalition Government made a draft declaration for discussion with Indian leaders, commonly knowns as the Cripps Offer.

"It was proposed that immediately upon cessation of hostilities steps should be taken to set up in India an elected body charged with the task of framing a new Constitution for India. Sir Stafford Cripps took that offer to India, but it was unfortunately not accepted by leaders of Indian political parties; the Government is, however, acting in accordance with its spirit and intention.

The first step necessary is to get as soon as may be as democratic a representation of the Indian peoples as possible. War has in India, as in this country, prevented elections being held for a long time and the Central and Provincial Legislatures must now be renewed. Therefore, as has already been announced, elections will be held in India in the coming cold weather. Electoral rolls are being revised as completely as time permits and everything possible will be done to ensure free and fair election.

STEP TOWARDS CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

The Viceroy has to-day made known our intention to follow their election by positive steps to set up a Constituent Assembly of Indian elected representatives, charged with the task of framing a new Constitution. Government has authorised Lord Wavell to undertake preliminary discussions with representatives of new Provincial Legislatures, as soon as they are elected to ascertain whether the proposals of the Cripps Offer are acceptable as they stand, or whether some alternative or modified scheme should be preferable. Discussions will also take place with representatives of Indian States.

Government has further authorised the Viceroy as an interim measure to take steps after the elections to bring into being an Executive Council, having the support of the main Indian parties, in order that India may deal herself with her own social and economic problems, and may take her full part in the working out a new world order.

BRITISH POLICY

The broad definition of British policy towards India, contained in the Declaration of 1942, which had the support of all parties in this country, stands in all its fullness and purpose. This declaration envisaged the negotiation of a Treaty between the British Government and the Constituuon-Making Body. Government is giving immediate consideration to the contents of such a Treaty. It can be said here that in that Treaty we shall not seek to provide for anything incompatible with the any incompatible with the interests any acquaintance with Indian affairs will underestimate the difficulties which will have to be surmounted in the setting up and smooth operation of a Constitution-making Body. Still greater is the difficulty which will face the elected representatives of the Indian people in seeking to frame a constitution for a great continent containing more than 400,000,000 human beings.

LESSON OF VICTORY

During the war Indian fighting men

(Continued In Col. 5)

Labour M. P.'s To Interview Pethick-Lawrence Again

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 19.

Five Labour M.P.'s who conferred with Lord Pethick-Lawrence on Monday feel they were at a disadvantage in discussing the Indian situation. In their opinion their interview with Lord Pethick Lawrence should have preceded the final decision of the Cabinet on India and Lord Wavell's departure for India. However these M.P.'s will seek another interview with Lord Pethick-Lawrence—as soon as possible after to-night's announcement.

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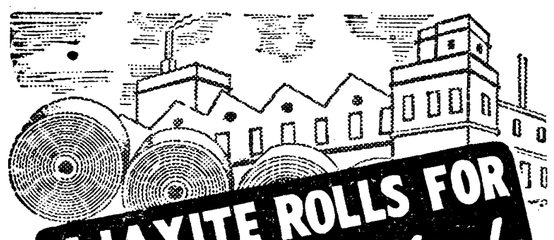

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"Communist Propaganda, Contrary To Congress Views"

Bhulabhai's Opinion On Anti-Communist Documents With Gandhiji

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The final instalment of the correspondence between Mahatma Gandhi and P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India has been published to-day in "People's War", paper of the Communist Party.

This includes the "opinion of Syt. Bhulabhai J. Desai on the papers handed to him by Mahatma Gandhi re. the Communist Party and their activities."

In his "opinion", Syt. Bhulabhai lists the various documents, letters etc. received by Gandhiji, containing allegations against the Communists which include letters from Shri Kaleswara Rao of Andhra, Gulzarilal Nanda of Ahmedabad, M. R. Masani and others.

Regarding the accusations made by Kaleswara Rao, that members of the Communist Party were compelled to eat meat, that they advocated sexual anarchy in their speeches, and that they are anti-truth, anti-non-violence and anti-Congress, Syt. Bhulabhai wrote:

"There is no satisfactory ground to support these charges (the first two). From what I have known or seen of the Bombay Communists, their conduct is a complete refutation of these charges. As far as I am aware their conduct is honourable in these respects...."

Regarding Masani's allegation that "the Communists as a party wanted to infiltrate themselves into the Congress Socialist Party", Syt. Bhulabhai merely comments that the documents submitted by Masani "disclose the antipathy of the Congress Socialists towards the Communists and their desire not to allow the Communists join their ranks and overwhelm the Congress Socialist Party."

Finally Shri Bhulabhai on general Communist policy outlines the difference between Congress and Communists in their attitude to the war and concludes.

"CONTRARY TO CONGRESS POLICY"

"It does appear that the views and attitude of the Communist Party, after 9th August 1942, have been to carry on propaganda contrary to the views and policies of the Congress."

On other documents, Syt. Bhulabhai merely says that he believes that documents have not been categorically brought to P. C. Joshi's notice nor has he had an opportunity of answering the views in those documents.

Mahatma Gandhi in his covering letter writes that news is daily being poured into his ears "that the Party is unscrupulous in its methods and that it even resorts to violence" which makes it difficult for him to accept Syt. Bhulabhai's opinion. But he goes on, "I cannot judge the Party on one-sided evidence. Nor have I the leisure to shoulder the burden of studying the evidence in a manner which would enable me to form an opinion."

Gandhiji concludes by urging Joshi to "consider" the worsening relations "in the light of Congressmen's opinion and to what may appear best to you."

In his reply to this P. C. Joshi expresses his regret that Mahatmaji had not sent him all the anti-Communist documents referred to by Syt Bhulabhai in his award and requested him to send these documents to him, offering to "publish them together with our answers". He also says that regarding the news that is almost daily poured "into Gandhiji's ears by Congressmen", he is again prepared to publish all these in the press so as "to let our people judge for themselves."

Joshi also regrets that Gandhiji after over a year's correspondence should not have the leisure to study the evidence and writes:

"GRATEFUL TO GANDHIJI"

"I thought before you asked me to explain those foul allegations you would also remember that young men too have some self-respect and that a political party is not worth its name if it does not love and defend its honour. I am, however, grateful to you when you say, 'I cannot judge the Party on one-sided evidence'."

Joshi ends his letter by stating:

"Our Party will face the present-day bitterness of the section of Congressmen you refer by supplying them real facts, true versions of all incidents and by appealing to their patriotism. The situation to-day does worry us all but does not make us lose faith in our brother-Congressmen. It is an uphill task, battling against lies and prejudices but we will never give it up." And he concludes:

"I can assure you that we will never use foul words and unscrupulous means and we know we will win."

Gandhiji in his last letter writes that he does "not wish to prolong the correspondence." Joshi's letter, however he comments, "seems to me like an invitation to say that I am sorry. I took as much interest as I did in your party's doings." "The invitation notwithstanding", he concludes, "I must go my way under the self-imposed limitations."

The correspondence concludes with Joshi's reply that, he agreed with Gandhiji that under the circumstances it would not serve any useful purpose in continuing our correspondence on the issues we have discussed."

ANGLO-AMERICAN MID-EAST OIL TALKS MAY BRING IN RUSSIA!

LONDON, Sept. 19 (Reuter).—The oil talks between the U.S. Petroleum Administrator, Mr. Harold Ickes and the British Minister for Fuel, Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, may soon merge, according to informed opinion, with wider discussion before the Council of Foreign Ministers and those between the Middle East Ministers at present in London, cables Jon Kimche, Reuter's commentator on international affairs.

The reason for this is that in fact the chief topic before the oil negotiators, is understood, in Palestine. What Mr. Ickes has to do in these talks apparently is to get the new American oil set up in the Middle East fitted into the present closed shop arrangements of predominantly British interests.

The American proposal is to build a 1,300-mile pipeline from the Persian Gulf to the Mediterranean to be operated by the United States controlled Standard Oil Company of California, the Texas Company and the Gulf Oil Corporation which have large oil concessions in Saudi Arabia, Bahrein Island and Juwai.

The chief sponsor of the scheme is Admiral Carter of the United States Navy.

The projected pipeline would not pass through Iraq, but would cross Saudi Arabia, the Trans-Jordan and Palestine, with a possible branch line through Syria and the Lebanon to Tripoli.

PACT WITH LEBANON

It has been reported that representativs of the Standard Oil and Socony Vacuum Oil Companies have reached agreement with the Lebanese authorities for the construction of oil refineries in Tripoli.

The main issue of discussions, it is considered in diplomatic quarters here may be the American request for some kind of naval facility or a base on the Levant coast. It is pointed out that that one of the chief reasons for the project is the creation of an oil reserve of 1,000,000,000 barrels for the U.S. Navy; therefore the U.S. Navy is much concerned with the protection and security arrangements to be made for the safety of pipeline refineries and stockpile to be built.

This consideration is expected to rank high in determining the United States policy in discussions on the future of Jewish immigration into Palestine as well as on long-term discussions on the practicability of a Jewish State. It is no secret that the United States oil interests in the Middle East run in direct opposition to the often expressed support from the State Department and other United States political quarters for Zionism in Palestine.

RUSSIAN DEMAND AHEAD

A further complication foreseen in informed quarters is that if an agreement is reached between the British and the United States negotiators and United States forces begin to share in the protection of the pipelines and oil installations in these regions the Russians would be considerably disturbed by this development and might ask for participation in the control of oil in the Middle East. Early transfer of discussions to a higher level would, therefore, surprise no one here.

TRUMAN ON 'DOUG'S' STATEMENT

Strength Of U.S. Troops For Occupation Of Japan

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (Reuter).—President Truman in a statement today replying to the fears raised by Gen. MacArthur's announcement that the Japan occupation force will be reduced to 200,000 men said: "America is going to keep the full strength she needs for her national commitments. But the rest of the men are coming back home and are coming as fast as services can get them out.

Gen. MacArthur stated this week that he would be able to handle the occupation of Japan and Korea with half the troops that only a month ago he estimated he would need for that purpose. We shall not really face the problem of size or make-up of the occupation forces until next spring. By that time we ought to know how many men we will need for occupation and to what extent that need can be met through volunteers."

MACARTHUR STICKS TO HIS GUNS

TOKYO, Sept. 19 (A.P.A.)—Gen. MacArthur is standing firm on his statement that the occupation force in Japan can be reduced to 200,000 troops, his Public Relations Officer said today.

There was no comment here on official Washington's mixed reactions to MacArthur's estimate.

MORE CABINET RESIGNATIONS

Well-informed Japanese predicted today that several new resignations from Premier Higashi-Kuni's Cabinet were imminent, possibly including Vice-Premier Prince Konoye.

These sources said there was an internal battle between reactionaries and "those who support the Premier's desire to make democratic reforms." They added that the resignation of Shigemitsu had broken the slender ties holding together a Cabinet of uncongenial elements.

Higashi-Kuni's Cabinet was assembled hastil at the time of the surrender.

BIGGER WAR CRIMINAL'S LIST

A new and "large" list of Japanese war criminals will be issued soon from Gen. MacArthur's Headquarters.

Chief of American Counter-Intelligence Brigadier Gen. Elliot Thorpe, whose agents were responsible for placing most of Tojo's Pearl Harbour Cabinet under American custody, said that if all the former Premiers and Ministers were not on the present list "it is a clerical error and nothing more."

Gen. Thorpe indicated that the next list would cite a number of Japanese individuals charged with maltreatment of Allied prisoners of war and civilians during the occupation of the Philippines.

Tokyo newspapers said that Premier Higashi Kuni had decided to send an "envoy of apology" to China because of Japan's war crimes against the Chinese republic. Details were not yet announced.

DOIHARA SUCCEEDS SUGIYAMA

Gen. Kenji Doihara was reported today to have been named to succeed Field Marshal Sugiyama as Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese First Army. Sugiyama recently committed suicide.

Doihara, known as the "Lawrence of Manchuria" for under-cover work there, similar to that of Britain's famed "Lawrence of Arabia", had a high place before the war among members of Japan's militarist clique.

CHIANG ON MUKDEN ANNIVERSARY

CHUNGKING, Sept. 19 (A.P.A.)—The Fourteenth anniversary of the Mukden incident was marked on Tuesday by the hoisting of Chinese flags throughout the city and by a radio address by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, in which he stressed the vital significance of the liberation of Manchuria.

At the same time energetic editorials appeared demanding a stern policy of war criminal trials, including that of the Japanese puppet Emperor, Henry Pu Yi.

More Coal For Railways

But G. I. P. Can't Restore Normal Services Just Yet

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—In view of the cessation of hostilities, the Railway Board have agreed that Railway administration may now use more coal for increasing the passenger services which had to be curtailed in the war years.

This was disclosed by Lt.-Col. Emerson, General Manager of the G. I. P. Railway at a Press Conference on Wednesday.

But though the G. I. P. Railway administration fully appreciated the necessity of restoring all passenger services to their pre-war level at the earliest opportunity, at present they could only use more intensively the coaching stock left to them after conversions for military purposes and loans to the military for special trains.

No passenger (coaching) stock had been returned by the military and the railway did not expect any until the strength of the forces in India returned to normal.

In the circumstances, the G. I. P. could now only burn a little more coal and have a few more locomotives available to them which would just enable them to use the existing stock to a greater advantage.

The General Manager, however, expressed the hope that the position would improve soon as they were building in their workshops whatever they could.

There was no indication just yet, he said, that the level of the military traffic was going to fall. Besides, the Railway had to cope with the demobilisation of Indian units which meant heavy military traffic.

OUT OF BOUNDS

The G.I.P. authorities had recommended that ordinary public trains be put out of bounds for military personnel with a view to saving accommodation for civilians.

The tendency of the average serviceman, however, was to try to avoid travelling in a military train if he could do so.

In reply to questions, Lt. Col. Emerson stated that the present consumption of coal by the G.I.P. was 4,000 tons a day, whereas the pre-war consumption was 3,500 tons. The increase was due to running a larger number of goods trains.

NEW FEATURES

Indicating some new features that will be introduced by the G.I.P., Lt.-Col. Emerson said that in normal times, two fast trains, a 'mail' and an 'express', would be run and each would stop at important alternate stations. The Bombay-Madras service would have four more bogies.

The Railway would provide additional comforts to lower class passengers.

Referring to the relief in the suburban service that the railway could afford to give at the present Lt.-Col. Emerson did not draw a rosy picture.

The G.I.P. possessed only 32 multiple unit stock. There could not be much improvement soon as these cars could not be built in India.

The following improved services will be run by the G.I.P. from October 1: The Bombay-Bhusaval Fast Passenger will be extended to Khandwa. The Itarsi-Nagpur Passenger will be extended to Jubbulpore.

Additional trains will be run from Bhopal to Ujjain, Bina to Damoh, Wardha to Amraoti, Bhusaval to Manmad, Bhusaval to Shegaon and Bombay to Nasik.

Amendments To Paper And Board Price Control Orders

Amendments to the Paper Price Control Order (1944), the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order (1944) and the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order (1944), made by the Government of India, permit any authority so empowered to exercise the powers conferred on the Central Government by each of these Orders.

The Central Government has also issued notifications empowering the Provincial Governments and the Chief Commissioners to authorise any officer to direct the maintenance of records relating to paper or board, to inspect books or documents, to enter and search premises in which any transaction connected with paper is carried on, and to seize paper or board in respect of which there is reason to believe that a contravention of the relevant Orders has been or is about to be, committed.

TEXTILE ASSOCIATION (INDIA): Monthly Social Meeting on 20th September, 1945 at 10 a.m. at the Podar College of Commerce, when Mr. R. D. Char, B.E., will speak on "Impressions of my visit to some of the Industrial Concerns in the United States."

COST ACCOUNTING

F. N. SARKAR, M.A., P.L.G.A., A.C.W.A., F.S.A.A., A.C.I.S., A.C.I.I., F.S.S., R.A.,

Lecturer, Calcutta University, Chief Accountant, Corporation of Calcutta and Honorary Secretary, Indian Institute of Cost and Works Accounts. Indispensable for every factory and Manufacturer. Just Published. Rs. 10-8.

COMMERCIAL MATHEMATICS

By R. GUPTA, M.A., Professor, Commercial Inst., Calcutta. Recommended as a Text book by the different Indian Universities. Indispensable for Competitive Examination. Rs. 7.

RAPID CALCULATION

By Prof. R. GUPTA, M.A., Rs. 1/8.

MANUAL OF PRECIS-WRITING WITH INDEXING

(With answers). By Prof. R. GUPTA, M.A., Rs. 2.

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Reserve Fund over	Rs. 25,00,000
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-delivered to your door

Over Rs. 112 Crores were invested in less than eleven months in the First 3% Victory Loan (1957) withdrawn during February 1945.

The 3% Second Victory Loan (1959-61) is issued on attractive terms similar to the First, and is today's soundest investment for the big or small investor. *There is no limit to the amount you are permitted to invest.*

The Loan is backed by India's wealth, and Government has guaranteed to repay at par not earlier than 15th August 1959 and not later than 15th August 1961. If between now and then you wish to realise your capital, the Loan is readily salable in the market at all times.

Interest at 3% per annum less Income-Tax will be paid half-yearly on 15th August and 15th February and the dividend warrant will be sent to your address. You can cash it just like a cheque, and you have the satisfaction of knowing that your investment is counteracting inflation, and earning for you a good return.

To buy this Loan, apply to your Bankers, or to the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi, Cawnpore or to the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India in other places or to any Government Treasury.

AAA 224

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3%
SECOND
VICTORY LOAN
1959-61
ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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9th WEEK

BOMBAY TALKIES'

PRATIMA

Starring: SWARNALATA, DILEEP KUMAR, JYOTI, SHAHNAWAZ, P. F. PITHAWALA

★

MAJESTIC

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

A PICTURE WITH A NATIONAL THEME—

PRAKASH'S

VIKRAMADITYA

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

Starring: Prithviraj, Prem Adib.

13TH WEEK

SUPER —DAILY:— 4, 7, 10

Mat. at 1 on Sun. & Hol.

Ad. Booking: 9 to 11, 5 to 6, 7-15 to 8-15.

(EVERGREEN RELEASE)

A SCORE!

20th WEEK

FAMOUS RELEASE

LAILA MAJNU AT CENTRAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays

Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

NEW WEST END

CHHAMIA

Introducing Debutant PROTIMA DASGUPTA

3rd WEEK

A Famous Release

Daily: 4, 7, & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays

Plans open 10 to 12

10TH WEEK

MURARI'S Musical Devotional

SHREE

KRISHNARJUN YUDDHA

PRITHVIRAJ, SHOBHANA

Direction: MOHAN SINHA

NOVELTY

Daily: 4, 7, 10

Sun. & Holidays at 1 p. m.

Ad. Booking: 10-30 to 12, 4-30 to 6

A RADIUM RELEASE

4TH BIG WEEK!

DIALOGUES

THAT ELECTRIFY!

Hear Them In New Theatres, & India's Greatest!

HAMRAHI

RADHA MOHAN & BINOTA BOSE

Direction & Photography:— BIMOL ROY

Daily:— 4, 7 & 10 p. m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12

MINERVA

He made her career..... but she broke his home.....

A TOUCHING STORY Of UNITED FILMS

BHAIJAN

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.

Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

DIAMOND Release

1ST HOUSE-FUL WEEK

Director: S. KHALIL.

NURJEHAN, SHAH NAWAZ, MEENA, ANSARI, KARAN DIWAN, KAYAMALLY

IMPERIAL

OPENING Day after TO-MORROW

A new type of picture of the life of a Sound Engineer

WADIA MOVIETONE'S Social Musical

PIYA MILAN

Director: S. M. YUSUF

Associate Producer: HILLA WADIA

MOTILAL, NIRMALA, NAJMA,

A. J. B. H. WADIA PRODUCTION

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.

Reservation 10 to 12, 4 to 6

KRISHNA DUBASH THEATRE

WADIA—BOMBAY FILM Agency Release

WITH THE BLESSINGS OF ALL CITIZENS OF BOMBAY

PRITHVI THEATRES

Humbly present

Plans open Rates as Usual Book early!

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SATURDAY 22ND & SUNDAY 23RD AT 9-30 A.M.

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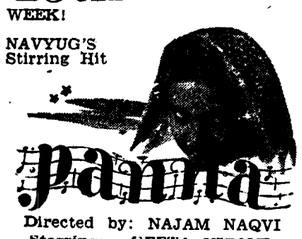
15th WEEK!

NAVYUG'S Stirring Hit



Panna

Directed by: NAJAM NAQVI

Starring: GEETA NIZAMI

Today & Tomorrow only at

KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m. From Tomorrow at

TAJ TALKIES GRANT ROAD

Daily 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

For BOMBAY

TO-DAY'S THOUGHT

"Good-bye, GANPATI"

And, Well—

"HAPPY to meet you

"TARAMATI"

Daily at 4, 7, 10

IN 2ND WEEK

at the

ROXY

Plans open: BOOK in advance

"DO OR DIE"

LORD KRISHNA'S HEROIC MESSAGE

Screened by Bhalji Pendharkar in Prabhakar Picture

Marathi KARNA

2nd WEEK

DAILY 4, 7 and 10 p. m

Advance Booking: 10 to 1 and 3 to 6

SWASTIK

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud, 14, 2001.
Muslim: Shavval 12, 1364.
Parsi: Farvardin 17, 1314.
Sunrise 7-27 a.m., Sunset 7-38 p.m.
Hightide 11-54, 24-04.
Lowtide 5-19, 18-00.
Corporation at 2 p.m. (B.T.)

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

KATHJU—Flying Officer Ashok Kathju, aged 22, killed in flying accident, Wednesday 19th instant, at Risalpur. Deeply mourned by relatives and friends.

To-day's Engagements

MAZDAZNAN: Mrs. Minnie S. Mehta on "The Conception of God in the Gathas", to-day (Thursday), at 6-15 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

SATYANARAYAN BAJAJ'S ARRIVAL: Mr Satyanarayan Bajaj, Treasurer of All-India Forward Bloc, is reaching Bombay, to-day by Nagpur Mail along with other prominent workers of Forward Bloc to attend the A.I.C.C. session.

S. I. SANGEETHA SABHA: Concert by Gayanagandharva Sangeetha Samrat, Chembai Vaidyanatha Bhagavathar—Vocal Mysore Asthana Vidwan Sangeetha Ratnam, T. Chowdiah—Violin and Master Kannan Mridangam, to-day, at 8-15 p.m. (N. S. T.) at the S. I. Education Society's High School Hall, Matunga, G. I. P.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: (1) The censorship restrictions as notified in the current P. and T. guide are withdrawn for telegrams to and from United Kingdom, Eire U. S. A. and Empire countries other than those with which telegraphic communication is not yet restored.

(2) With immediate effect all classes of telegrams to Hongkong are admitted at rates shown in the current edition of that P. and T. guide but subject to censorship regulations in force. Commercial telegrams are limited to those ascertaining facts and exchanging information.

EFFICIENCY CLUB OF INDIA: Meeting at 6 p.m. today at Conference Hall, Electric House.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Public lecture in the "Besant Week" series by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas at 6-45 p.m. today at Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

PROVINCIAL HEADMASTERS' CONFERENCE: Mr. M. V. Donde has been elected President of the Provincial Headmasters' Conference to be held in Poona next month.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Commissioner and Councillors of Ward No. 5—Khara Talao Kumbharwada—will meet near the Round Temple tomorrow (Friday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) to go round the Ward.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF POLITICS, ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY: Study Circle in Sociology at 6-30 p.m. to-day at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road. Mr. K. L. Dalal will read a paper on "Village Disintegration in India."

SILVERFISH: Mrs. Sutton's talk scheduled for today has been postponed indefinitely as she is not well.

BOMBAY PIECEGOODS MERCHANTS' ASSN: Presentation of address to Mr. Devidas Madhavji Thakershi, President, at 5 p.m. today at Sunderbai Hall. Mr. Krishnaraj Thakersey to preside.

PARSI FEDERAL COUNCIL: The second of a series of educative demonstrations of miscellaneous rarities and historical articles will be held in the Dr. Sir Jeevanji J. Mody Memorial Hall, K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Bombay, at 6-15 p.m. today with a view to promote the cause of a general Parsi Museum and the consequent spread of knowledge.

BOMBAY ALL MALAYALEE CONFERENCE: Reception to the A.-I. C. C. members coming from Kerala today at Victoria Terminus Station, where they will be reaching by the Madras Express.

KERALA YOUTH CONGRESS will accord a public reception to the leaders of Kerala at V.T. Station today when they arrive here by Madras Express. Among the leaders arriving are Janab Abdul Rahiman, ex-President, Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, Sjts. K. Madhava Menon, C. K. Govindan Nair, Mrs. Kuttimalu Amma, R. Raghava Menon, N. Sundra Iyer, M. P. Damodaran and others.

'A' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: All members of the 'A' Ward Dt. Congress Committee and Fort and Bori Bunder Taluka Congress Committees are requested to come and take away their workers tickets for A.-I. C. C. to-day (Thursday), from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. from the Ward Office.

"A" Ward Muslim League

At the annual general meeting of the A Ward District Muslim League held on Sunday the following office bearers and representatives to the Council of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League were elected.

Mr. Aziz Ghafoor Kazi, M.L.A., presided.

The Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association Ltd.

It is hereby resolved that the members of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association Ltd. should close their Hundi and other business on Friday and Saturday the 21st and 22nd September 1945 in order to enable the employees to attend the Session of the All-India Congress Committee.

Sidhwa To Speak To-day

Under the joint auspices of the Matunga and Sion Congress Samithies, Sjt. R. K. Sidhwa, leader of the Congress Party in Sind Assembly, will address a public meeting at Nappoo Maidan, Matunga, at 9 p.m. today. Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy will preside.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, Sept. 20.

BOMBAY—1

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 K R Jadhav (Shahnai) 8-45 Bhajan 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Azmat Husain 9-45 Songs (H) 12-30 p.m. Songs (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Selections 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 2-30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Eknath Hatiskar and Party 5-25 K R Jadhav (Shahnai) 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 Seeta Mooiky 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 A I R Quartet 7-0 Conversation at the club (G) 7-15 Eknath Hatiskar and Party 7-40 K R Jadhav (Shahnai) 8-0 Thumri and Ghazal 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Listeners' Requests 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-40 Khambavati (Violin) 9-45 Sports Review (E) 10-0 Jacques String Orchestra.

"Films Should Not Be Allowed To Be Stored In Offices"

Jury's Recommendation At Inquest Of Paramount Fire Victims

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Inquest over the tragic deaths of 19 persons which occurred during the disastrous fire that broke out in the Paramount Film Co. Ltd., Hague building, Ballard Estate, on August 29 was held to-day at the Bombay City Coroner's Court.

Out of 19 victims, 15 persons were the employees of the Paramount Film Co. Ltd., and the rest four were outsiders. Five persons are still in the Hospitals receiving treatment. (Four in European General Hospital and one in G. T. Hospital)

Mr. M. F. Jordan, the former General Manager of the Paramount Films Co. L.d., in the course of his evidence stated that he could not say how exactly the fire started. The walls of the film's vault were supposed to be fire proof. No fire occurred, since 1919 when establishment was started. The films were kept in tin boxes packed in tin containers. He was not in the office at the time of the tragedy.

PUBLICITY OFFICER'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Aleysius Rana, the publicity officer of the said company said that he was in the office at 2-15 p.m. on the day of the incident and was talking to deceased Mrs Keenan in the office when she shouted 'Rana, look, look' pointing towards the eastern corner of the building. He saw balls of flames accompanied by heavy smoke. He shouted to Mrs. Keenan to fly for her life, while he dashed through the swing door to the main entrance. He saw Mrs. Jordan enveloped in flames. He smashed the window pane, and jumped on to the pavement. He also received slight burns.

Mr. J. W. Pereira, shipper in the Firm of Paramount Film Co. Ltd., stated that he left the office at about 2 p.m. to the Customs office. When he left the office he left instructions to his assistants to keep the inner door of the vault to be opened to carry on the work. The outer door used to be opened when the work was going on.

When he was at the Customs office at 2-30 p.m. he heard a buzzing noise and shouts of "Fire Fire". He therefore ran up to the office. He saw at the entrance of the office Mrs. Keenan lying dead on the pavement. He could not get into the office owing to the fire. No employee was allowed to smoke in the office.

Mr. D. K. Amladi, chief cashier, stated that when he left the office at about 2-15 p.m. he saw Mr. Lingerwalla (company's auditor) auditing the accounts and was seated just opposite to Mr. S. Ganguli.

The Bombay City Coroner addressing the members of the jury said, that the dead bodies of the victims of the Fire were only masses of charcoal, and could not be identified and were beyond recognition. In view of the evidence of the witnesses before him, no definite evidence of the origin of the fire or the cause of the spread of the fire was forthcoming. All necessary precautions were taken by the company. But still they ought not to have stored the films in the company premises when the employees of the company were working as both raw and exposed films, from the commercial point of view are inflammable.

VERDICT.

The following verdict was recorded. "Deaths of 19 persons were due to shock from very extensive burns from a terrible fire which occurred in the Establishment of Paramount Film Co. Ltd., in Hague building, Ballard Estate. It has not been possible for any of the witnesses to say how and where the fire originated. The only recommendation, we feel bound to make to Government is that under no circumstances films should be allowed to be stored in offices. 15 out of 19 persons who lost their lives were actually at work in the company's premises. There is no evidence to show that the fire occurred by any neglect on the part of the employees working there.

Mr. B. A. Dalal appeared on behalf of the Paramount Film Co. Ltd., Mr. A. Z. D'Souza conducted the prosecution and Deputy Inspector Ogrady investigated.

TO-DAY'S DANCE RECITAL BY SHANTA RAO

Acclaimed by critics and connoisseurs as one of the finest flowers of the "Bharata Natyam" dance art, Shrimati Shanta Rao makes her debut in Bombay this evening at the Excelsior. The show is for the benefit of the Kamala Nehru Hospital Fund.

Shanta has been richly endowed by Nature with a striking personality and versatile gifts for singing, painting and dancing.

A little over 4 years ago, she went to Pandanallur to study "Bharata Natyam" under Vidwan Meenakshisundaram Pillay in whose house she

SHRIMATI SHANTA RAO.

stayed as one of his favourite pupils and from whom she has learnt some of the most beautiful "adavus" of her art.

Shanta has danced Kathakali and Mohini Attam before critical audiences in Kerala itself but her first appearance in 1943 in Madras, as a "Bharata Natyam" artiste was a revelation to art lovers. Gorgeously dressed in the old traditional style and with no touch of modernism anywhere, either in her costume or orchestra, she presented "Bharata Natyam" in its most classical form. Her style was so convincing with its broad connoisseurs in the audience could not conscious patterning, that many connoisseurs in the audience could not help remarking "This is 'Bharata Natyam' at its best."

Bombay Muslim Chamber's Annual Meeting

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The second annual general meeting of the Bombay Provincial Muslim Chamber of Commerce was held at the Anjuman-I-Islam this evening. Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahimtoola presided.

The annual report of the retiring committee for 44-45, and the statement of accounts for the same period were adopted.

The results of the election of office-bearers for 1945-46, were declared and confirmed. Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, was re-elected president, and Messrs. M. M. Killedar and G. A. Sonawala, the Vice-Presidents for the year 1945-46.

Mr. Rahimtoola spoke about the imperative need for the appointment of a tariff board by the Government, for protection of national industries, and for the relaxation of controls to enable the resumption of normal trade.

He appealed to the Commercial Section of the Muslim Community to give their attention to industries.

Nurie Meets Bandra Nationalist Muslims

(From Our Correspondent).

VILLE PARLE, Wednesday.—On the request of some Nationalist Muslims, Mr. M. Y. Nurie visited them at Bandra and had a free and frank talk about the work lying ahead of them during the forthcoming election for Provincial and Central Legislature.

He had visited very recently Sindh, Punjab, U.P. and other predominantly Muslim zones and as such had occasions to meet the Muslim League workers and other prominent Muslim leaders. He narrated his experiences.

Since the Simla failure, he said, there appeared to be a sort of fear complex which required to be removed. He asserted that the general tone of the Muslim masses was not pro-Pakistan, but a desire to work out the destiny of India jointly with the Congress. They very much appreciated the view points and the stand taken by prominent Congress leaders and he was confident that if a proper guidance was given to the Muslim masses they would certainly round the Nationalist banners.

Call To Nationalist Muslims "To Get On Rolls"

The need to intensify the "get on the roll campaign" was stressed by various speakers at a meeting of the nationalist Muslim workers held at the Muslim Majlis Office, Madanpura. Raja Gulzar Khan presided.

Mr. Adam Adil said that the Muslim League had decided to contest the elections on the basis of Pakistan. It was therefore necessary for the Muslims to understand the implications of Pakistan which was detrimental to the Muslim cause. He called upon the nationalist Muslims to form a united front against the League and challenge its right to be the premier Muslim organisation in India.

Concluding Mr. Adil thanked the Bombay Congress for reserving a sufficient number of seats for Muslims in the A.-I.C.C. pandal.

K. P. C. C. Opens Office In City

The Secretary Karnatak P. C. C., writes:—

'The Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has opened its office in room No. 9 at the Shree Krishna Boarding House, near Prarthana Samaj. All Karnatak Congress workers, who have come for A.-I. C. C meeting are requested to come to this office and enrol themselves before 6 p.m. (Thursday 20th), and also meet at 9 p.m., at the Gurudwar Hall, opposite to the Panjab Khalsa Hotel, Prere Road near General Post Office, when instructions will be given by the K. P. C. C. office-bearers regarding attending the A.-I.C.C. sessions.

STUDENTS' RECEPTION TO SARAT BOSE.

Messrs Shanti Shah and M. Joshi the General Secretaries of the Bombay Students' Congress and N. B. S. U. has issued the following statement:—City students are requested to come in thousands to give Royal Reception to Sjt Sarat Chandra Bose who will arrive on to-morrow (Friday), at V. T. The exact time of arrival will be announced later on.

RECEPTION TO STUDENTS' LEADER.

Messrs. Shanti Shah and Mahesh Joshi, the General Secretaries of the Bombay Students' Congress and North Bombay Students' Union, write:—

All the students of Bombay are requested to come to give a reception to Pandit Ram Sumer Shukla, the president of the All-India Students' Congress who will arrive by the Calcutta Mail (Via Nagpur), at 10 a.m., at Dadar Station, to-day. He will be accompanied by Sjt K. Ramunni Menon, the chief editor of the "Students' Voice" and Sjt. Bhagawathi Prasad Himmat Singka, the treasurer of the A.-I. S. C.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

SECOND QUARTER OF CLOTH RATIONING IN BOMBAY AND SUBURBS.

The second quarter of Cloth Rationing in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District has begun from September 2 and will end on December 1.

Those who did not purchase their first quarter's quota (10 yards per adult and 5 yards per child) before the end of August or purchased only a part of it, will get the whole six-months' quota or the balance, as the case may be, during their allotted week in this quarter or in any subsequent week before December 1.

If so desired, the first quarter's quota, if not purchased at all, can be purchased at any time during the second quarter. Similarly if only part of the first quarter's quota has been purchased, the balance of the quota can be purchased at any time during the second quarter. BUT IN NO CASE CAN THE ENTIRE SIX-MONTHS' QUOTA OR THE SECOND QUARTER'S QUOTA (5 yards per adult and 2½ yards per child) BE HAD PRIOR TO THE ALLOTTED WEEK.

As already announced, the six months' quota of cloth can be purchased in four instalments.

Below are given the allotted weeks in the second quarter corresponding to the first quarter's weeks.

ON THE COUNTERFOIL. Month.	Week.	Week in first quarter	Week in second quarter
6 or 6|9	1	June 3 to 9.	Sept. 2 to 8.
6 or 6|9	2	" 10 to 16.	" 9 to 15
6 or 6|9	3	" 17 to 23.	" 16 to 22
6 or 6|9	4	" 24 to 30.	" 23 to 29.
7 or 7|10	1	July 1 to 7.	Sept. 30 to Oct 6
7 or 7|10	2	" 8 to 14.	Oct. 7 to 13.
7 or 7|10	3	" 15 to 21.	" 14 to 20.
7 or 7|10	4	" 22 to 28.	" 21 to 27.
8 or 8|11	1	Aug. 5 to 11.	Nov. 4 to 10.
8 or 8-11	2	" 12 to 18.	" 11 to 17.
8 or 8|11	3	" 19 to 25.	" 18 to 24.
8 or 8|11	4	" 26 to Sept. 1.	" 25 to Dec. 1.

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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The social bond of man and man bottomed in truthfulness and purity of life in word and deed constitute the real wealth of a country.

—Sir N. G. Chandavarkar.

The Bombay Chronicle

DISAPPOINTING

Great expectations were roused when three weeks ago the Labour Government summoned the Viceroy to London for consultation. For the first time in the history of Britain a Labour Government had come into full and effective power as well as to office. The war had ended, India had helped to win it. Considering the professions of the British Labour Party with regard to the object for which the war had been fought, it was expected that having achieved power, it would not betray India as she had been shamelessly betrayed after the first Great War. Now, Lord Wavell has returned after having carried on discussions with the Labour Cabinet and he has been authorized to make an announcement on behalf of the latter. The announcement is one which will not enthuse the people of India. In fact, it will sorely disappoint them.

The Labour Cabinet, Lord Wavell tells us, is determined to do the utmost to bring about the early realization of full self-Government. India has had too bitter an experience of the good intentions of British Government in the past to be satisfied merely with this assurance. What she wants is that these intentions should be translated into action immediately. It is the character of the steps which are enumerated by Lord Wavell and which the British Government is going to take that she will regard as being hopelessly inadequate. Their efficacy for achieving the purpose which the British Government professes to have in view can be judged from the test laid down in one of the resolutions passed by the Congress Working Committee which will be placed before the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee tomorrow. "Every transitional step," the resolution says, "can only be viewed in the light of present declaration of Indian Independence and the rapid attainment of it in actual working." There is no definite and clear-cut declaration of Indian independence. The Cripps proposals have, it is true, been reiterated with the added vague assurance that the Labour Government is determined to go ahead with the task of implementing them. But, until the elections are held, the present Government of India, which has utterly lost the confidence of the people and the 93 Section, provincial Governments are to continue —with all the unfortunate consequences with which their record hitherto has made us only too familiar.

The Working Committee in its resolution to which we have referred above and which was passed some days ago says:

"The announcement that fresh general elections will be held for the Central and the Provincial Assemblies has been made in a manner and in circumstances which arouse suspicion.

"There has been no announcement of the policy which the British Government intends to pursue or of the subsequent steps and the objective aimed at. It is only in the context of the full picture that a preliminary step can be judged and a proper decision taken. No such picture has so far been presented by the British Government and it would appear that the old policies, largely laid down and controlled by the reactionary group of the permanent Services in India, are still being pursued."

The picture that Lord Wavell's broadcast gives only confirms the fear that the old policies, largely laid down and controlled by the reactionary group of permanent Services in India, will still be pursued and that the attainment of Indian freedom will continue to be obstructed, if not delayed too long. No, The Labour Government must think again. Not only must India's independence be forthwith and unequivocally recognised but, to assure her people of the genuineness of this recognition, the British Government must also, to quote the language of the Working Committee's resolution, immediately carry out the promise read into Viceregal declarations on the eve of the Simla Conference that an Indian National Government, giving effect to the voice of the people, would soon take the place of the anarchical one nominated by the Government. These are two essential steps which the Labour Cabinet must at once take to assure the people of India that its intentions as regards the early realisation of full self-Government are honest. Disappointing, however, though the British Cabinet's announcement is, the All-India Congress Committee will, we have no doubt, endorse the recommendation of the Working Committee and resolve that the forthcoming elections should be contested "to demonstrate the will of the people and on the issue of the immediate transfer of power".

Congress And Sterling Balances

The Working Committee of the Congress must be congratulated on having raised its authoritative voice in a carefully drafted resolution on the sterling balances. The enormous accumulation of such capital assets, now frozen in sterling in London, cannot but handicap any programme of planned development in the country. The Congress, alive to the importance of such factors in the economic advance of the country, must necessarily guard against such assets being lost or dissipated. The emphatic prbtest, therefore, against any attempt to scale down the volume of these balances and make a settlement which would mean substantial sacrifice of Indian interests, must find an echo, not only in every Indian heart, but in every place where commercial ethics and economic justice are understood and respected.

The resolution very pertinently points out that these assets have been accumulated on account of the goods and services supplied from India to aid Britain in her war effort, and for which Britain was not able at the time to make any equivalent payment. Notwithstanding this undisputed origin of these accumulations, immobilised in Britain by the unilateral action of that country, suggestions are increasingly made in certain British interested quarters for writing down the figure, even before any arrangement for liquidating the balances has been made. No one, who has the least regard for the dictates of equity or international fair dealing can agree to the principle implicit in such suggestion. For it professes to be based on the assumption that the goods and services were supplied at highly inflated rates. The fact, however, is quite the reverse, as a British Parliamentary Committee of Enquiry has already found and declared. All the supplies for British needs were obtained at controlled rates and the control was applied for their benefit much earlier than for this country as a whole. As the British Government was unable to pay anything in equivalent, the I.O.U.'s, it delivered in exchange only went to swell the volume of the currency notes in circulation in India. The result was that prices rocketted almost uncontrollably and so it was the Indian consumer and the Indian producer who had to bear the real burden of this inflation. The British Government has, therefore, derived a substantial, even though concealed, advantage in the initial purchase of these materials, because of the control measures immediately applied and effectively operating in its favour, which needs to be exposed much more thoroughly than even this resolution before the A.I.C.C. attempts to do.

While cordially welcoming the spirit as well as the letter of the policy contained in this resolution, we feel it necessary to add a word of warning and suggest an amendment to be incorporated, if there is still time. It is clear beyond cavil that these balances, built up at the collective national cost, belong to the country as a whole. Those, who provided the goods and services in the first instance have already been paid off in the currency of this country, so they have no claim on these balances. Because the balances belong to the country as a whole, they must be utilised, when realised, not for the benefit of individual capitalists, who may press their own urgent demands to forward their own industrial projects but must be conserved and used to aid a definite programme of planned development. The present Government of India has no such programme and it is much more liable to be swayed by sectional demands. But we hope the situation will be wholly and radically different, when the Central Government of the country comes to be in charge of the freely elected representatives of the people, and conducted by Ministers responsible to them. No suggestion must, therefore, be entertained at this stage, and by the powers-that-be today, which would tend to dissipate these balances and serve the interests of individual capitalists, at a grave and lasting cost to the nation collectively. The National Government will, of course, have to evolve and declare its own policy on such matters, but that will have to wait till effective power is transferred to the people of this country. Pending the achievement, the National Congress cannot but utter a warning when there is reason to fear the real long-range interests of this country are likely to be sacrificed or compromised, and hence we repeat our cordial support of the proposal on this subject tabled before the A.I.C.C.

Frankly Speaking

Franco's Self-Condemnation

Like a man who, though he was not actually drowning, was facing a grave danger of that disaster, General Franco thought he would clutch at Mr. Winston Churchill as a measure of precaution. The attempt and Mr. Churchill's curt reply have long been known. Now the British Foreign Office has published the text of the correspondence. The Caudillo wanted to play at Mr. Churchill's anti-Communist prejudices and did so in what he fondly hoped was a diplomatically tactical manner. He forgot that it was too obvious and too clumsy a manoeuvre specially after so many years of his activities against the Allied front that was fighting the Axis. His failure was inevitable. But his letter serves another purpose, too. It constitutes a glaring charge sheet against himself, revealing as it does, the Caudillo's opinions not only on the Soviet Union and Bolshevism but also on America and the countries of Europe, opinions, which he has expressed freely in the effort to flatter and fool the British. His letter proves the necessity for the leaders of the United Nations to do something about him.

All Is Well—

The Bombay Government's claim that "quiet has been restored in the Satara district" and that "no incident has been reported since August 12" is welcome and interesting, too. But it is to be seen what sort of quiet that is and what distress has been caused by the process of repression. Secondly, Government takes sole credit for the restoration of peace by remarking that the peace has followed its "measure to suppress terrorists' gangs". It is curious, that peace is restored within a few days of the Congress leaders' efforts in that direction but several weeks, if not months, after Government's repressive measures began. However, now that peace is admitted to be restored, let the numerous persons detained without a trial be released or tried at once and let Congress leaders be freely allowed to take up the task of reconstruction. They will not mind if Government takes all the credit for their good work; as it has done for the recent reduction in illicit distillation.

Promise To Korea

The so-called peace developments that began after the end of the war have been marked by open repudiations or cynical distortions of pledges solemnly given only a short time previously. Disillusionments have inevitably given rise to many suspicions. The latest declaration about Korea is, therefore, by no means irrelevant, or unnecessary. President Truman's statement that America, Britain, Russia and China "are all agreed" that Korea shall become free and independent is welcome. But when? It can well happen that the process of giving freedom and independence may be prolonged by decades if not more before Korea becomes free and independent. To prove their 'bona fides' the Powers should set a specific time limit and date for it. This proof is necessary.

Vindictiveness

The Working Committee of the Andhra Provincial Congress has not enhanced its reputation for fair-play and sense of proportion by recommending disciplinary action against Mr. C. Rajagopalachari. The ground urged for the recommendation is that his conduct after the August resolution of 1942 was anti-Congress and went a long way in weakening the Congress. Disciplinary action could well have been taken against him if he held an elective post in the Congress and yet defied the Congress resolution. But he first resigned even his primary membership to be free to carry on propaganda to convert the Congress. When the Swarajist leaders carried on similar propaganda against Non-co-operation they did not all resign their elective posts, yet nobody suggested disciplinary action against them. Rajaji's propaganda was 'bona fide' and never such as tended to bring Congress into discredit. To the extent he weakened the Congress by his propaganda there must have been some element of truth in his views. As a matter of fact Congress has appreciably moved towards him in its attitude towards self-determination to the Muslims. As regards help in war effort Congress itself demanded maximum power so that it could ensure maximum war effort. In any case neither in kind nor in degree was Rajaji's attitude so different from that of the Congress as to justify disciplinary action. Party spirit should not be allowed to go so far as to smack of vindictiveness.

Molotov On Italian Colonies

M. Molotov's press conference leaves a distasteful impression and again raises the question which Generalissimo Stalin's speech, made after the fall of Japan, provoked. Dealing with the Russian attitude towards the Italian colonies M. Molotov made statements which not only constitute an open repudiation of obligations entered into so recently as at the San Francisco Conference but also contradict, again openly, Russian leaders' own previous condemnations, extending over decades, of the mandates system as an imperialistic evil. Whither is the Soviet Union going and, more important, how? His declaration that the former Italian possessions should not be left to Italy deserves the fullest endorsement. This declaration was not quite unnecessary in view of the fact that certain powers did originally entertain such an outrage, which they gave up later.

Distasteful Surprise

But how should their future be decided? M. Molotov did not say anything about Eritrea beyond not concealing Russian interest in it. It is not clear what actually he meant. But about Libya he was clear enough. Russia wants, to put it rather bluntly, Western Libya, that is, Tripolitania. The argument he advanced was disillusioning. Notwithstanding the system of collective trusteeship which the San Francisco Conference—largely on the initiative of M. Molotov himself—adopted for at least enemy territories, M. Molotov desires for Italian colonies, the system of individual trusteeship; in other words, the post-world war I method of dividing allegedly "backward" countries among victorious Powers for imperialistic domination and exploitation under the hypocritical garb of Mandates And as a further shock, he coolly approves of the old system by saying that while the San Francisco system—previously his own—was as yet untried, the method of individual trusteeship had already been tested! The imperialism of the Mandates system was a success and is to be preferred to collective trusteeship! Where is Russia going?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

It is easier to dodge responsibility than it is to dodge the result.

★ ★ ★

When a man is really in love he imagines that he neither sleeps nor eats.

★ ★ ★

Few people feel called upon to condense the milk of human kindness.

★ ★ ★

When a load of coal is purchased instead of going to the buyer it usually goes to the cellar.

★ ★ ★

Many a man who is unable to do the things he would is too lazy to do the things he could.

★ ★ ★

Men are so contrary that if their wives wanted them to stay out late they probably wouldn't do it.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mr. Jinnah & His Marriage

As the elections draw nearer, it seems a section of the people is drifting farther and farther away from sense and sane-thinking in its zeal to outdo the adversaries. In your paper dated 18th instant Mr. Mazhar Ali Azhar is reported to have said at a public meeting held in Lahore on September 16th that 'Jinnah was not a Muslim', as he had declared so at the time of his marriage in 1918, and that he was guilty of un-Islamic acts. One is amazed at this snobbish lie. Let Mr. Mazhar Ali Azhar and his audience at the meeting know that Mr. Jinnah's marriage was solemnized in strict keeping with the Islamic rituals In support of this I may reproduce here an extract from the illuminating book "Meet Mr. Jinnah" by A. A. Ravoof, Editor of the "Deccan Times."

"The Romantic episode pales into insignificance when we see the true religious fervour and steadfastness which Mr. Jinnah exhibited on the eve of his marriage. He could have easily gone through a civil marriage by registration according to the Special Marriage Act, as Mr. Asif Ali, Mr. Humayun Kabeer, and scores of others did. That would not have caused tension in the Parsee community. But Mr. Jinnah insisted that the proposed bride must first embrace Islam which she did with all her heart. It was in 1919, when Miss Ratanbai was just 18. In all this Mr. Jinnah acted with characteristic boldness and dash. He had received a number of letters threatening his life. But he ignored them all and with half a dozen friends and a Kazi, both the conversion and marriage ceremonies were solemnized in his chamber."

Moreover his wife Rati's Parsee name was changed into Ratan Bai Mohammadali. Thus Mr. Jinnah never uttered, as he had no reason to, the words attributed to him. Nothing can be more eloquent than the grave of late Ratan Bai Mohammadali, who lies buried in the 'Ithna Ashri Khoja' cemetry in Bombay!

Needless to add that such insidious vituperations against the great Muslim leader will only exacerbate feelings of hatred against the so-called Nationalist Muslims and their convenient allies.

Even Mr. Gandhi has often pleaded for a "just estimate men and things" and will they not follow the Mahatma?

Bombay, Sept. 18. (Mrs.) RAFIA SHARIF, M.A.

Electoral Rolls Not Available

The last date for submitting applications for amendment in the electoral rolls of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and Bombay Council is 15th October 1945 as declared by the Government. On inquiries made in the Collector's Office at Ratnagiri and the Mamlatdar's office at Malvan, the same for the Malvan Taluka could not be supplied to us as they could not be traced at either place. In the absence of the electoral rolls, eligible voters are experiencing great difficulties in coming to a definite conclusion whether their names are already there in the 1941 Rolls, and as such applications for amendment cannot be made.

On behalf of the voters of the Malvan Taluka I would require the Government to make the Electoral Rolls available to the public without any further delay.

M. V. VARADKER,
President, Malvan Taluka Congress Committee, Malvan, Dist. Ratnagiri.

Sept. 14.

Gwalior Sarvajanik Sabha

GWALIOR, Sept. 15.—A few days ago news was circulated stating that Sarvajanik Sabha has failed to put up any Muslim and backward class candidate for the forthcoming elections of Gwalior State legislature. But it is authoritatively learned from Parliamentary Board Sarvajanik Sabha that the news was totally false. The fact is this, that out of total of 56, Sarvajanik Sabha has put up 1 Muslim and 1 Backward class candidate.

TWENTY THOUSAND GREET AZAD AT V. T.

A.-I. C. C. Pandal Nearing Completion Will Accommodate Twenty-Five Thousand Persons

With the arrival in Bombay of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Pt. Govind Vallabh Pant, Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, and Mr. Asaf Ali, members of the Congress Working Committee, the stage is set for the meeting of the A.I.C.C. which comes off on Friday.

Twenty-thousand citizens gave an enthusiastic reception to the Congress President on his arrival at the Victoria Terminus this evening. The rush was so great that all the carefully laid plans of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee went awry and the cordon of over 200 volunteers was broken by the cheering crowds resulting in great confusion. Many Congressmen who were waiting for a long time with garlands were pushed about the platform and had to go away even without knowing who all had come by the train.

The crowd was completely taken by surprise by the unexpected arrival of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru by the same train. In the train also were Pt. G. V. Pant, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr. Choitram Gidwani and Mr. Kiron Shankar Roy.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Acharya Kripalani and Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh arrived by the Deccan Queer in the morning.

Official receptions were accorded to the Congress leaders by the B.P.C.C. Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President, Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary and other office-bearers were present.

BLACK FLAG DEMONSTRATION

A few demonstrators with black flags added considerably to the confusion at Victoria Terminus when the Congress President arrived.

Among those who are already in Bombay are: Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, ex-Premier of the Central Provinces, Mr. Satvanarayan Sinha, Chief Whip of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, Pandit Jagat Narain Lal, Dr. Gopichand Bhargawa, Chowdhury Krishna Gopal Dutt, Deputy Leader of the Punjab Congress Assembly Party, Dr. Nichaldas Vazirani, Revenue Minister and leader of the Hindu Independent Party in the Sind Legislative Assembly and Mr. R. K. Sidwa, leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly.

PRESSMEN AT A.I.C.C. SITE

Nine hundred tall bamboo posts in the process of being painted supporting an immense canopy of matting and tarpaulins, an intricate mass of ropes and wirings laid as if it were specially meant to trap the unwary visitor, an " immense criss-cross of woodwork, piles of chairs and tables waiting to be arranged, the entire ground sticky with slush and mud—such was the picture of the pandal for the A.I.C.C. witnessed by a group of Pressmen who were the guests of the B.P.C.C. at an informal party at the site on Wednesday.

Out of this confusion is to arise in the space of less than 48 hours, a beautifully decorated and finished pandal which will accommodate more than 25,000 persons in cosy comfort. The plans of the B.P.C.C. to have the whole work finished betimes has been foiled by the rain, which despite the fact that it has been in excess of normal this year, has insisted on exhibiting its nuisance value during the last two or three days. Workers in charge of the pandal as well as the arrangements inside and outside are meeting the challenge of the weather. Work will go on the whole night.

It would seem that the Gowalia tank grounds which was once thought sufficient to hold a session of the A.I.C.C. will not do any longer. As it is one lakh square feet out of its total area of a lakh and quarter has been fenced off, leaving just 25,000 sq feet for the "Jhanda Chowk". The pandal occupies nine-tenths of the enclosure leaving the other tenth for other structures such as refreshment rooms and public conveniences and moving space.

SEATING ARRANGEMENTS

Right at the west centre of the Pandal is the six feet high dais for the members of the Working Committee and a special rostrum rising two feet higher at the south-east end of the dais. The members of the A.I.C.C. sit right in front of the dais To its left will be members of the Consular services, premiers, ex-premiers ministers and ex-ministers, office-bearers of Provincial Congress Committees and other distinguished visitors. On the right, space is reserved for the distinguished guests of the B.P.C.C.—particularly those who have contributed to the Congress House Building Fund.

To the left of the A.-I.C.C. members and facing the dais, is the press enclosure fanning out in a triangle and capable of accommodating 600 persons. To the right of the A.-I.C.C. members will be an enclosure for the 1,500 persons who have paid hundred rupees per ticket. A little beyond will be the 4,000 people who have paid Rs. 25 per head. And far away in the dim distance will be the 11,000 ten rupee wallahs and the 4,000 who have got workers' passes. Half this lot are from Bombay. The other half has been assigned to workers from other provinces. Except for 4,000 persons who may have to sit on galleries, all the rest will have chairs provided for them.

All these arrangements, made on a scale unsurpassed in the history of the Congress were explained to the pressmen by Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B.P.C.C., whose dynamic zeal and organisational skill are responsible, in no small measure for making all these arrangements at such short notice. Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of the B.P.C.C. was also there, smiling and confident that with its usual good luck Bombay would make a tremendous success of the session.

Mr. S. L. Silam and the energetic Vimal Sarma, Secretary of the Pandal Committee, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, who is responsible for the simple but tasteful decorations, Mr. P. R. Lele and Mr. G. P. Hutheesing, who are in charge of arrangements for the press and the inevitable Mrs. Sana Khan, with her band of volunteers, were also there to discuss the arrangements and listen to any suggestions.

So was the rain. Threatening as it does to figure as the villain of piece, the rain gave a 'demonstration showers' even as the pressmen were present. And pardonably using a political phraseology, they all expressed the hope that 'wiser counsels' would prevail, at least in that quarter.

RESOLUTE ACTION NEEDED TO WARD OFF FAMINES

Two Minutes To Woodhead Report

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19. (A.P.I.): Two minutes are appended to the Woodhead Committee's report by Mr. Afzal Husain and by Sir Manilal B. Nanavati.

Sir Manilal says that resolute action is needed to reform India's agrarian economy. The objectives of such action should include the following: All lands should be owned by Governments; i.e., the intermediate feudal interests should be removed; occupancy rights should be given to cultivators with certain reservations such as, restrictions as to subdivision of the plot, transfer of land etc.,; these holdings should be economic units and should be, as far as possible in the block; the land should be cultivated by the man who owns it and the holdings should be taxed on a graduated scale.

Mr. Afzal Husain says that in so far as food is concerned, India is a state of perpetual emergency and must be prepared to meet this emergency. India cannot continue in the traditional rut, basing her food economy on cereals. She must follow a sound proof policy. Other countries have shifted over to tubers. Why not India, he asks.

The Commission issued its first report in May dealing mainly with the history and causes of the Bengal famines.

A resolution on the report says. "The Government of India consider that the report is a comprehensive and valuable account of the Indian food problem in relation to the agricultural and economic development of the country. The Commission's recommendations will receive the most detailed consideration by the Government of India."

The Government of India record their appreciation of the services rendered by the Chairman and members, Sir John Woodhead, Sir S. V. Ramamurty, Sir Manilal Nanavati, Mr. Afzal Husain and Mr. W. R. Aykroyd.

(SEE PAGE 5)

WHEN MAHATMA WILL VISIT BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 19 (U.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi has fixed the last week of October, the "United Press of India" understands, for his visit to Bengal. Private advices have been received in Calcutta to this effect.

Jamiat-ul-Ulema's Demands

NEW DELHI, September 19 (A.P.I.) —The Council of the All-India Jamiat-ul-Ulema which concluded its deliberations today has passed a number of resolutions on the various problems connected with the elections and the release of political prisoners.

A resolution warns the Central and Provincial Governments against any interference in the elections by Government officers.

It expresses apprehension that officials would probably support the "reactionary Muslim League" against the Nationalist Muslims.

Another resolution, while welcoming the release of a large number of political prisoners strongly urges the Government to release the prisoners who are still in detention. It also calls upon the Government to cancel all orders of arrest against persons who are still supposed to be absconding and proclaim a general amnesty.

The meeting called upon the Government to release all the Khaksar prisoners who are still behind the bars.

A resolution demanded that all the Ulemas who are living as exiles outside the country should be allowed to come to India.

Maulana Ahmed Saeed, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema leader, has sent a telegram to the Viceroy about Mrs. Asaf Ali, in which he says: "In view of the victorious termination and change in the Government policy and ensuing general election, draw your attention to Mrs. Asaf Ali's case believing Your Excellency's statesmanship. I expect you to act on the principle of forgive-and-forget and cancel orders for her arrest.

Nationalist Muslims' Election Plans

The Muslim Nationalists assembled in Delhi have appointed a Sub-Committee to draft an election manifesto which will be placed before the Muslim Parliamentary Board, which will meet in Delhi on September 25. The Sub-Committee consists of five members with Dr. Shakuntallah Ansari as its convener and Maulana Ahmed Saeed, Prof. Humayun Kabir, Sheikh Zahiruddin and Maulana Hifzur-Rehman as members. The Committee will avail itself of the advice of Maulana Azad who is expected here on September 25.

The names of the 21 members of the Muslim Nationalist Board have been announced and include amongst others Maulana Hussain Ahmed Madani (Chairman), Sheikh Zahiruddin, Prof. Humayun Kabir, Mr. Rafi Ahmed, Mr. Yasin Nuri, ex-Minister, Bombay, Maulvi Shamsuddin, President, Krishak Proja Party, Maulana Dud Gaznavi and Dr. Shakuntallah Ansari.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LAHORE, Sept. 17.—Sir Firoz Khan Noon's statement in an interview to the press that personally he would not have any objection to a Coalition Ministry in the Punjab, made after the elections, being called Unionists has created a stir in Muslim League circles here.

Mr. Jinnah in 1944 made three demands one of which was that the name of the proposed coalition should be called the Muslim League Coalition Party.

—Orient Press.

★ ★ ★

Wednesday Afternoon.

In reply to questions that a good many curious and sceptical people have asked us we hereby publicly assert that we had known all along what Lord Wavell and Mr Attlee were going to say to India. This is very clear from the former's broadcast which now appears before you.

If any further proof were needed and, if we felt like it, we would tell you tomorrow how everything that we knew and anticipated was there in the Wavell-Attlee statements.

★ ★ ★

After a careful examination of the whole problem Sir Homi Mody and and Dr. John Mathai have come to the conclusion that unless effective and continuous co-operation is accepted, the division of India into separate sovereignties would spell stagnation and probable disaster.

But they have omitted one entirely vital preliminary.

They should have introduced to the innocents, to whom apparently the warning is addressed the complete unknown, stranger "Economics."

★ ★ ★

According to a Press report one of the surprise visitors to the A.I.C.C. is to be the Premier of the Punjab, Malik Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana.

The surprise visitor too, will have his surprise at the A.I.C.C.

★ ★ ★

The call of the Hindu Mahasabha that its members should renounce their titles promises to be duly responded to.

A lead has come from the United Provinces. Rai Bahadur Guru Narain, Working President of the Oudh Provincial Hindu Mahasabha and member of the All-India Committee, has renounced his membership of the Mahasabha.

Hurray! Dr. S. P. Mokeerjee-ki-Jai.

★ ★ ★

At his Press Conference on Tuesday M. Molotov declared that the Soviet Union did not conceal her interest in Eritrea.

It is time now that we shouldn't conceal our intense curiosity.

★ ★ ★

And, added M. Molotov, there was at least a grain of truth in the African press reports that the Soviet Union was claiming trusteeship of Tripolitania.

And at the most?....phew, let's not talk about it.

★ ★ ★

Expressing a definite bias in favour of individual as opposed to collective trusteeship, Comrade Molotov urged the argument that the collective system was as yet untried while the method of individual trusteeship had already been tested.

And found O. K. obviously! Well, well, much, too much, water seems to have flown down the Volga since things, ideals and biases were er-different.

★ ★ ★

Reuter's correspondent reports from Hong Kong that the local communist leader has invited the General Officer Commanding Hong Kong to visit him.

We await further news with the keenest possible interest.

★ ★ ★

President Truman has announced that the United States, the Soviet Union, Great Britain and China are all agreed that Korea shall become free and independent.

It is not yet known, however, whether or not Korean freedom and independence will come into being on a 40—40—15—5—0 basis. The last figure represents Korea, you know about the rest, of course.

OPEN DOOR FOR ASIATICS

Australian Presbyterians On Immigration Issue

MELBOURNE, Sept. 19, (A.P.A.): A resolution declaring the Presbyterian Church of Australia favoured a "system for Asiatic immigrants" was adopted yesterday at the General Assembly of the Church.

The delegate who offered the resolution refused to amend it to bar Japanese immigrants saying that Christ "laid it down that we should love our enemies."

TO SECURE UNIFORMITY IN PREPARATION OF ROLLS

Congress Parliamentary Board To Write To India Govt.

POONA, Sept. 19 (A.P.I.): The first meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board appointed for the purpose of organising the forthcoming elections to the Legislatures met to-day under the chairmanship of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Those present were Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Pt. Govind Vallabh Pant, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and Mr. Shankerrao Deo.

Certain preliminary points were settled and it has been decided to issue instructions to the Provinces to set up the machinery for the purpose of selecting names of candidates for the Central Assembly elections, which will have to be submitted to the Central Board with reports of the Provinces concerned.

It was resolved that the office of the Central Election Board be in Bombay incharge of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

TO SECURE UNIFORMITY

The Board also considered the steps to be taken to secure uniformity in the matter of preparation of electoral rolls in all the Provinces in accordance with the procedure adopted by the Bombay Government. In this behalf it is understood that a suitable communication in this connection will be addressed to the Central Government by the Chairman immediately.

SIMLA FAILURE

CALCUTTA, September 18. (A.P.I.): Giving reasons for his disapproval of the Congress resolution deploring the failure of the Simla Conference, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose said at a Press Conference: "The Cripps proposals on behalf of the British War Cabinet asked for India's cooperation only in her own defence. He did not attempt to lay down India's foreign policy in the future or to get an assurance or undertaking from Indians that they would prosecute the war in the east outside India's border with or without men and money from India. Lord Wavell's first condition was that India must agree to prosecute the war against Japan with the utmost energy till Japan was utterly defeated and that obviously implied that India must agree to employ her own men and money until the successful termination of the war in the East from the point of view of the Allies. Lord Wavell thereby clearly and irrevocably laid down India's future foreign policy and denied India the right to determine her foreign policy herself.

WHIPHAND TO JINNAH.

"Lord Wavell reduced the Congress to the position of a communal organisation caste Hindus, not even of the entire Hindu Community. He gave the whip hand to Mr. M. A. Jinnah and that was also made abundantly clear by Mr. Amery in his speech in the House of Commons. All Nationalist Muslims were thrown overboard by Lord Wavell, and I consider it a tragedy that my old friend Mr. Bhulabhai Desai a Congressman and a former member of the Congress Working Committee practically suggested it.

Forward Bloc Secretary's Challenge To Govt.

NEW DELHI, September 18. (A. P. I.): "I congratulate the people of my province and those of my countrymen who responded to the appeal of Mahatma Gandhi in 1942 and faced bullets", observed Lala Shanker Lal, Secretary of the Forward Bloc, addressing a mammoth meeting this evening in the Gandhi grounds. A large number of Nationalist Muslim Leaders including Sayed Nausher Ali, Speaker of the Bengal Assembly, were present at the meeting.

Lala Shankerlal was given an ovation when he rose to speak and profusely garlanded. Addressing the audience, he said that the struggle of 1942 was a bid for independence of the country and he was proud of the people who underwent immense suffering, trials and tribulations in order to achieve their cherished goal. He was sorry for not being able to participate in that struggle.

The Forward Bloc leader challenged the Government to prove the charges under which they were detained for such a long time. "We are prepared to face the trial even now," he concluded.

Ruikar Endorses "Quit India" Resolution

NAGPUR, September 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President, All-India Firward Bloc, and Mr. H. M. Kamath, Secretary, who were recently released, were entertained by the Nagpur Journalist Association last evening.

Mr. Ruikar explained the policy of the Forward Bloc and said that their organisation was now in complete accord with the Congress stand and its present policy. They wholly agreed with the 'Quit India' resolution of the Congress. He deplored the attitude of the Communists since 1942 which he characterised as entirely retrograde.

Mr. Ruikar deprecated the Muslim League demand for Pakistan as impracticable and said Pakistan would not offer any permanent solution of the communal problem.

Messrs. Ruikar and Kamath will leave for Bombay this afternoon. A deputation of prominent members of the Forward Bloc is likely to wait on Maulana Azad at Bombay.

Bardoli And Vedchhi Ashrams To Claim Compensations

VEDCHHI, SURAT DISTRICT September 18. (A. P. I.): Under instructions from Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the authorities of the Vedchhi Ashram appointed a "panch" (committee) of distinguished persons from the Taluka to inspect and estimate the damages suffered by the Ashram during the period it was in Government's possession. The 'panch' has estimated the damage at Rs. 70,000. It is learnt legal steps will be taken by the authorities of the Vedchhi and Bardoli Ashrams to claim from the Government compensation for damages.

HITCH OVER TAKING OVER LAJPATRAI BHAWAN.

LAHORE, September 19. (U.P.I.). Lala Mohanlal, Vice-President, Servants of the Peoples' Society, refused to take over the charge of the Lajpatrai Bhawan last afternoon when the police came to restore the same to him.

Lala Mohanlal insisted that the Bhawan should be restored in the condition in which it was sealed by the Police in August 1942.

S. M. GHOSH RELEASED.

CALCUTTA, September 19. (U.P.I.): Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, ex President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and member of the A.I.C.C., was released from the Midnapore Jail this morning. He reached Calcutta and will start for Bombay this afternoon.

Sukkur Congress Chief Arrested

SHIKARPUR, September 19. (A. P. I.): The President of the Sukkur District Congress Committee, Mr. Khanchand Gunomal, was arrested by the police to-day for an alleged objectionable speech said to have been delivered by him on the Tilak Anniversary Day.

DELHI DELEGATES FOR BOMBAY.

NEW DELHI, September 19. (U. P. I.): A contingent of fifty Delhi Congressmen left for Bombay yesterday to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting. Another batch leaves to-day.

MRS. PANDIT CANCELS LECTURE TOUR

Ready To Come Home For Election Campaign

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19. (Reuter): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit is ready to cancel her lecture tour in the United States scheduled to begin shortly and return to India for taking part in the elections campaign immediately upon receiving an advice from Pandit Nehru, "Reuter" learns.

She is spending the next few days in Washington with her two daughters who have not previously visited the United States capital. The elder daughter, Chandra Lekha Pandit, who has graduated from Wellesley College this year plans to accompany her mother to India, while the younger, Nayantara Pandit, will return to Wellesley for the last year of her study there.

ANUP SINGH'S LECTURES IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON: (Reuter): Dr. Anup Singh, Secretary of the National Committee for India's Freedom, will give courses on "Contemporary India" and "India in World Politics" at the American University and the Catholic University, Washington, this year, it was learned by "Reuter" to-day.

Arrangements for these classes have been carried out under the Watumull Foundation.

Dr. Singh will continue his work as Secretary of the Committee without interruption.

Punjab Premier Not To Attend A.-I.C.C. Meeting

LAHORE, September 19. (A.P.I.): Circles in close touch with the Punjab Premier contradict the news that Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Tiwana is attending the forthcoming session of the A.I.C.C. as a visitor.

Malik Khizar Hyat who is at present touring the interior of the province, is returning to Lahore on September 22 when he is expected to meet Sir Firoz Khan Noon. The Premier has no immediate programme of going outside the Province.

Sind Leaders Meet Patel

POONA, September 19. (A.P.I.): Dr. Choithram Gidwani and Prof. Ghanshyam Das, Congress leaders from Sind met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to-day and acquainted him with the situation in Sind. Mr. Gidwani and other Sind leaders will meet the Congress President Moulana Abul Kalam Azad in Bombay at 9 a.m. to-morrow in Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's bungalow.

Release Jai Prakash And Lohia

PESHAWAR, September 19. (U.P.I.) "The news of the release of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose is welcome. Nevertheless, when I remember that other parties like Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia and Sardar Sardul Singh Caveshar, are still in detention, especially when the world war is long over, it cause me deep regret," observed Qazi Aataullah Khan, Minister for Education, N. W. F. Government, in an interview to the "United Press of India."

C. P. CONTINGENT

NAGPUR, September 19. (U.P.I.): Seth Seodas Daga, M.L.A. (Central), Mahant Luxminarayan Das, M. L. A., Mr. C. P. Yati, members of the A.I.C.C. from Mahakoshal, Pandit Bhagwati Charan Shukla, Managing Editor of the "Nagpur Times", Mr. R. S. Ruikar and Mr. H. V. Kamath, Forward Bloc leaders, left for Bombay this evening to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting.

Madras Contingent For A.I.C.C.

MADRAS, September 19. (U.P.I.) A contingent of about 50 members of the A.I.C.C. belonging to Tamil Nad, Andhra and Kerala Provinces left Madras this morning for Bombay to attend the A.I.C.C. session. Besides these, about 300 Congressmen also left to attend the session as visitors.

Prominent among those who left were Mr. K. Kamraj Nadar, President, Tamil Nad P. C. C., Mr. T. Prakasam, President, Andhra P. C. C., Mr. K. Madhava Menon, President Kerala P. C. C., Muthuranga Mudaliar, Mr. Bhaktevatsalam, Dr. P. Subbarayan, former Minister, Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, former Minister, Mr. T. S. Avinashilingam Chettiar, M. L. A. (Central), Mr. M. Tirumal Rao, member of the Council of State.

"Declare Final Policy On Pakistan Issue"

SRINAGAR, September 19. (A.P.I.): Mahamayaprasad Sinha, Member of the A.-I.C.C. has sent the following telegram to the Congress President Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mahatma Gandhi, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel: "Regret health not permitting to attend the meeting. Request Congress should immediately declare the final policy regarding Pakistan in unequivocal terms leaving no doubt for misunderstanding to gather strength.

K. P. C. C.'s Demands

BOMBAY, September 19. (U.P.I.): Resolutions paying tributes to the 1942 martyrs and asking the Congress to demand from the British Government a clarification of the next step, specially the nature and composition of the Constituent Assembly were passed by the Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee which was held yesterday under the presidency of Mr. Srinivasa Malliah.

By another resolution the Council requested the Congress Working Committee to appoint a sub-committee to revise the constitution with a view to enlarging the Working Committee to make it more representative of all the different provinces.

Among those present included Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, President of the All-India Women's Conference, Mr. R. R. Divakar, and others.

Famine Due To Natural Causes And Human Error

WOODHEAD COMMISSION'S FINAL REPORT

Plea For Indians To Emigrate As Colonists With Full Rights Of Citizenship

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19 (A. P. A.): The problem of India, a great seething mass of land half the size of the United States, a country with an amazing array of resources and whose praises were sung by Marco Polo and Huen Tsang, is the problem of feeding her masses.

This is the conclusion of the Famine Enquiry Commission whose final report was released today. The Commission was headed by Sir John Woodhead.

India has had four famine Commissions and today, 43 years after the third one, the fourth had to report "not on famine due to the obvious cause of draught, but on a calamity resulting from a complicated series of events for which both natural causes and human error were responsible.

The Commission expressed "the fervent hope that theirs will be the last famine commission and at the same time the first of a series of food commissions concerned, not with the prevention of famines, but with the replacement of hunger and malnutrition by plenty."

The Woodhead Commission had a staggering mass of data and material available and full use of it has been made in its lengthy report running into 530 pages of octavo size. The Commission's first report was on the Bengal famine issued in May last.

FAILURE OF A "CAMPAIGN

India was not self-sufficient before the war and the results of the "Grow More Food" Campaign have been unspectacular, the report says, and only an intensive and sustained effort both on the part of the Government and the people will result in increased agricultural production in India.

As a result of the lessons learnt during the war, the Commission recommends that the only solution for a satisfactory system of procurement and distribution of foodgrains is that of complete monopoly.

The general level of foodgrain prices in India is high compared to world levels and until rice imports are again possible the commission recommends that foodgrain prices should remain about the present levels which have undoubtedly encouraged production and any disturbance might cause a setback.

RECURRENCE IF.....

Until 1952, the people of India will have to pay a price 140 per cent above the quinquennial average ending 1938-39, the report says, and the relaxation of food control measures should be gradual as otherwise chaotic prices and the supply condition of 1942-43 might recur.

The constitution of an All-India Food Council for the co-ordination of food administration throughout India is another recommendation.

Part two of the report dealing with population, nutrition and food policy, provides interesting reading. On population, the commission says, "Writers often confuse the idea of a very large population with that of overpopulation and that a country is over—or under-populated only in relation to its area and resources. India's population of 400 million 'a priori' is of little significance and her primary problem is the underdevelopment of her resources. The commission is agreed that India should limit her population and recommends, among other things, increased urbanisation, economic betterment and full facilities for dissemination of the knowledge of family limitation."

Answering the question, "Is India over-populated?", the Commission says, "In relation to the existing state of the development of her industrial and agricultural resources India is over-populated."

THE FUTURE

The 1880 Famine Commission, when India had only 250 million souls, could not envisage the possibility of the country supporting 400 million in 1945 and yet today with the advancement of human knowledge, food production has kept pace with the growth of population. And likewise on another 25 years, when population might rise to 500 millions—sooner or later birth-rate would come down, says the commission—development of resources, scientific and agricultural progress might yet stem any calamity.

Most startling perhaps is the commission's suggestion of emigration as a solution for India's mounting population, so far Indian emigration to outside countries has been negligible in relation to the size of her population.

"Within the Commonwealth and Empire, there are regions which are sparcely populated and need additional population for their development. Emigration of Indians to these regions would serve a double purpose:

COLONISTS WITH FULL RIGHT

"It would relieve to some extent the pressure of population on land in India and would facilitate the development of those regions. War has emphasized the need for mutual assistance amongst all peoples within the Commonwealth and Empire and we look forward to the day not only when India will be self-governing and an equal partner in the Commonwealth, but also when her sons, who have fought side by side with other peoples of the Commonwealth and Empire in the cause of freedom in the present war, and their descendants will be able to emigrate as colonists entitled to full rights of citizenship to these sparcely populated areas."

The third and fourth part deal with the possibilities of developing agricultural production and reorganisation of agriculture.

On conclusion the Commission pleads for the abandonment of apathy and defeatism all too prevalent in the past and the re-orientation of a new spirit in nation building. The tempo of progress should be that of the motor car and not the bullock cart.

"The Government is permeated by ideas expressed in aphorisms 'safety first' and 'arres moi le deluge' (after me the deluge) and these are inevitably stagnant and can achieve little or nothing", the report says.

"India does not lack in materials or resources necessary for advancement and prosperity, but these can be developed only by the efforts of human beings—by the Government and the people of India—and success depends on the spirit which sustains the country in the tremendous task with which it is faced..... The tradition and philosophy of India are based on the freedom of the individual and on his responsibility to work for common weal. It is our earnest hope that in her future development as an independent nation, India will find in her own tradition the vision and the faith, which will enable her to create a new life for her people", the Commissioners conclude.

ACTRESS SUES PRODUCERS

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Blagden).

Leela Chitnis .....Plaintiff.

vs.

Messrs. Raja Movietone ...Defendants

This was a Short Cause suit filed by the plaintiff, a well-known film artiste, to recover a sum of Rs. 1,500 from the defendants who had engaged her to appear in a film entitled "Ghazal" upon certain terms and conditions contained in two writings. By one of them it was provided that if the production was not completed within three months the plaintiff was to be paid Rs. 500 per week of six days or part thereof for which she had to work beyond the three months. By another agreement of the same date supplementary to the first one, it was provided that she was to be paid Rs. 2,000 for such extra period.

The plaintiff stated that she had worked for one day extra beyond the three months and she claimed Rs. 2,500 being the aggregate sum due to her under the two agreements less Rs. 1,000 paid to her by the defendants.

The defendants denied her claim and alleged that she had agreed to work one day free of charge because the defendants had accommodated her due to her eye trouble. When disputes arose they had paid her Rs. 1,000 through the intervention of a mutual friend in full settlement of her claim.

His Lordship transferred the suit to the list of long causes and it will come up for hearing in due course.

Mr. N. A. Mody instructed by Messrs. Hiralal M. Mehta & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. A. A. Peerbhoy instructed by Messrs Hoosein Doctor & Co. appeared for the defendants.

Case Against Cinema Actress Compounded

The case filed by the police at the instance of Saleh Mahomed Vali Mahomed Kureishi against Ramgyari, Hasan Mahomed and Erucnsha Dosabhai Kapadia was heard by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar. After the complainant's evidence his counsel said that the complainant did not wish to proceed with the charge of robbery.

Sub-Inspector Kakalkar left the matter to the court.

The charge was altered to one under Sec. 323 and 114 I.P.C.

The Magistrate passed the following Order:

"The accused deny the allegations of robbery or any assault on the complainant. The case is compounded and the accused are acquitted. This is without prejudice to the civil rights of either parties, if any. Bail bonds cancelled."

FRESH POWERS FOR U.S. LABOUR CHIEF

100 Strikes Paralyse Motor Industry

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (Reuter): New powers for the United States Labour Department to deal with the growing threat of mass strikes in the country's great industrial centres were announced to-day by President Truman, within three days of the outbreak of a major unrest in many key industries.

The President stated that the United States Secretary of Labour, Mr Loew Schwellenbach, would take over and control all powers of the War Labour Board (wartime arbitration agency between Capital and Labour), the War Man-power Commission and the United States Employment Service.

As Government took this swift action to meet the worsening situation, "Reuter's" correspondent in New York, Stanley Burch, reported that more than 100 strikes in the Middle West were slowly paralysing United States motor-car production threatening a shutdown of the Buick, Chevrolet, and Oldsmobile divisions of General Motors.

A full scale threat to the industry is offered by the United Automobile Workers' Union, which today announced it would accept temporary wage increases, while insisting without qualification of eventful general 30 per cent increase for the wholen industry.

The "Big Three" motor-car manufacturers are reported to be determined to deal with the Union solely through the Federal Government.

A new crisis came to-day with a strike by oil workers at the vital Michigan plant and a mass sympathetic strike was threatened in six mid-western States. The Michigan stoppage if continued, threatens soon to cripple the entire motor transport of the city.

The possibility of the steel industry becoming involved in the struggle is raised by an announcement by the Congress of Industrial Organisations that a two-dollars-per-day (six and a half rupees) increase in wages is to be asked from the United States Steel Corporation and 85 other concerns.

DR. SOONG FOR PARIS?

LONDON, Sept. 19 (Reuter): The conversations between Dr. T. V. Soong and members of the British Government are believed in well-informed quarters to be mainly concerned with economic questions, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent writes.

Dr. Soong is understood to have plans for continued industrialization of China and is also believed to have had far-reaching discussions on the future of Japan.

Dr. Soong is expected to leave for Paris today.

CASEY TIPPED FOR DIPLOMATIC POST

But London Aussies Say He Will End Up In Lords

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 19.

Announcing the arrival of Mr. R. G. Casey governor of Bengal the "London Star" says that he is tipped for another big diplomatic post, but "he always says he wants to return to Australian politics".

Mrs. Casey assured the "Star" reporter that Britishers are far worse off for things "than we are in Calcutta and you can get plenty of silk there—but, of course, no silk stockings". She said the couple was on a holiday here for there is nothing official about their visit. She doubts whether she will be able to do any shopping.

She was amused to hear that at least three Government departments did not know she had arrived here with her husband during the week-end. "We sneaked up on them, I am afraid," she added.

FOOTNOTE: Every second Australian in London says there isn't any future for Mr. Casey in Australian politics. These Aussies believe their countryman will end up his political career by going to the House of Lords.

Prakasam's Resolution For A.-I. C. C.

BANGALORE, September 19. (U. P. I.): Mr. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee and member of the A.I.C.C., has given notice of the following resolution for the A.I.C.C. meetings:

"This meeting declares that strict disciplinary action should be taken against those who betrayed the Congress and carried on sabotage activities against the Congress since the Ministries resigned in 1939 and for this purpose, Provincial Committees should enquire into the matter, giving opportunity to the persons concerned to explain their conduct and take decision after full enquiry of both sides".

TICKETS & BADGES FOR A.I.C.C. MEMBERS

BOMBAY, Sept. 19 (A.P.I.)—It is announced from the A.I.C.C. Office that tickets and badges to the members of the A.I.C.C. will be delivered at the office of the A.I.C.C. opened at the Congress House, on September 19 and 20 between 8 and 11 in the morning and 2 to 6 in the evening.

Temporary Amendments To Congress Constitution

Committee Appointed To Submit Report To A.-I.C.C. Secretary By Dec. 31

BOMBAY, Sept. 19 (A.P.I.)—The Congress Working Committee at its sitting at Poona last night passed a resolution on certain temporary amendments to the Congress Constitution. The draft of the resolution which was released from Bombay today will be placed before the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee.

The following is the text of the resolution:

(I) (A) In view of the fact that the Congress has not been able to hold its annual session after the Ramgarh Session held in March, 1940, and in view of the fact that events have happened during the past five years which require that the constitution of the Congress be considered in its entirety, it is resolved that a committee consisting of the following persons with power to co-opt two more be formed to consider the whole question and to make proposals for such amendments and additions to the Congress Constitution as may appear necessary. In particular, the Committee is authorised to consider the question as to how the Congress Committees should be related to other independent organisations and to groups within the Congress Committees themselves. The Committee is also authorised to consult Provincial Congress Committees and such other persons or bodies at it may consider necessary. The Committee shall submit its report to the Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee by the 31st December to be considered by the Working Committee and submitted to the open session of the Congress.

PERSONNEL OF COMMITTEE

Names of the members of the Committee: (1) Shri Rajendra Prasad, (2) Shri Narendra Deo, (3) Shri Pattabhi Sitaramayya, (4) R. Divekar and (5) Shri J. B. Kripalani.

(B) Inasmuch however, as it is not possible at present to reorganise Congress Committees in strict compliance with the provisions of the Congress constitution, the following temporary and transitory amendments are made to enable delegates to the next session of the Congress to be elected and new All-India Congress committees, and new provincial Congress Committees to be formed by members to be enrolled now.

(2) A. For purposes of Article III (F) the year of membership of persons enrolled in the year 1945 shall continue upto 31st December, 1946.

Note: This refers to enrolment by Congress Committees and not to enrolments by other organisations formed by Congress in June, 1943.

(B) There shall be no renewal of membership in terms of Article IV (A) this year, but everyone who wants to become a member shall apply for the purpose in a form A prescribed in the Constitution and pay four annas as his membership fee. The operation of the article is accordingly suspended.

(III) From Article V in which shall be noted—not 'shall be omitted.'

(IV) Substitute for Article VII (A) the following: 'No member shall be entitled to exercise his vote unless he has been enrolled as a member on or before the 30th of November, 1945.'

(V) The operation of Article VII (C) is suspended.

(VI) In article IX (A) substitute '25th December' for '15th September' and '20th December' for '23rd September.'

(VII) In IX (B) substitute '35th December' for '30th September.

(VIII) In Article IX (C) substitute '4th January 1946' for '10th October.'

(IX) In Article X (A) substitute 'by 15th January 1946 for the words 'a date to be fixed by the Working Committee.'

TIME TABLE

(X) Last date for enrolment of members: 20th Nov. 1945

Publication of Rolls: 15th Dec. 1945.

Time for Inspection of rolls: Upto 20th Dec. 1945

Last date for objection to entries in rolls: 25th Dec. 1945.

Last date for decision of objections: 4th Jan. 1946

Final publication of rolls: 10th Jan. 1946

Rolls to be submitted to the A.I.C.C. by 15th Jan. 1946.

(XI) The dates proposed may be varied and dates for election of delegates and election of the A.I.C.C. members and the President of the next session of the Congress may be fixed by the Working Committee.

Vacancies in Committees may be filled by co-option by the existing members of such committees provided that only such persons may be co-opted as have actively furthered the A.I.C.C. Resolution of August 1942; Provided further that the person co-opted need not necessarily have been a member of the Congress in 1942.

Nationalist Muslims To Contest Elections

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18.

Muslim Nationalists have decided to contest the forthcoming general elections to the Central and Provincial Legislatures. This decision was taken to-day at the joint meeting of the various nationalist parties, which resumed its deliberations under the presidentship of Maulana Hussain Ahmed Madani.

The representatives of the All-India Muslim Majlis, All-India Momin Conference, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Khudai Khidmatgars, Behar Independent Party and Krishak-Proja Party were present.

Those who wanted to contest the elections argued that it would be bad strategy to allow the League to have a walk over in the first round of the elections. They agreed that a majority of voters would be robbed of their right to vote, but circumstances demanded that they should make the best of the present opportunity. They feared that if they abstained from participating in the elections to the Central Legislature, Mr. Jinnah would persuade the world to believe in the sole representative capacity of the Muslim League.

The formation of a united Parliamentary Board to contest the elections is now engaging the attention of the Nationalist leaders. Usually well-informed quarters suggest that a board consisting of the representatives of the five nationalist organisations—Muslim Majlis, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Momin Conference, Khudai Khidmatgars and Krishak Proja Party—will be formed to select candidates and conduct the elections.

The talks which Nationalist Muslim leaders had with the Associated Press correspondent indicate that they would contest the election on two main issues; firstly, the immediate attainment of freedom for India, which they contend is indispensable not only to the welfare of the Indian Muslims, but also the happiness and freedom of the Islamic countries, and secondly, on the claim of the League to be the sole representative organisation of Muslims, which they consider to be false.

Mr. Jinnah's Candidature

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, it is understood, will stand as a candidate for election to the Indian Legislative Assembly from the city of Bombay.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Sept. 19.

Following are to-day's quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange.—

SUGAR AND BREWERIES:— E. I. D. 43/9, Deccun 31/4, India Sugar 31/8, Mysore Sugar 58/6, Travancore 16, Breweries 15.

PLANTINGS:—Balmadis 1/9, Blue Mts. 1/8/6, Cochin Malabar 18, Devon 16/14, Fringfords (Cr.) 14/8, High Produce 30, Malankara 80/6, Manalur 4/12, Midland (C.D.) 12/15, Nelliampathy (C.D.) 1/6, Nellithanum 14/4, Peermade 46, Pullangodes 3/1/6, Ajagiri 12/3, Thirumbadi 4/6, Vaikundam 20/4, Vellitam 33, Woodlands 12/2, Waterfalls 1/11/6

TEXTILES:—Bangalore Wol. 500/7, B and C ordy. 345, Combida 29/15 Coimbatore Spg. 160/8, Coimbatore Pioneer 357/8, Dhanalaxmi 352/8, Kaleeswarar 675, Kothari Tex. 32, Lakshmi 178, do new 88/8, Mettur 262, Madura 74/8, Pankaja 271, Rajalakshmi 180, Rdhakrishna 352/8, Rangavilas 154, Sitaram Spg. 172, Vasantha 315.

MISCELLANEOUS:— Cement 121, Bruntons 9/8, Hind Trust 21/12, Ind. Stroll 9/10, Mysore Lamps 28/4, Mysore Chem. and Fert 20/4, Mysore paper 22/8, Mysore Chem. Mfrs. (C.D.) 30, Singareni 19/13, September 15/1.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 19.

The Share Market moved narrowly for the whole day with the tone being hesitant but at the end better sentiment prevailed and shares improved. Steels being more prominent.

The closing tone was quietly steady, operators being inclined to await Viceroy's announcement this night. Calico opened 1257, lowest 1249, closed 1258; Arvind opened 1383, lowest 1377, closed 1383; Differd opened 2316, lowest 2306, closed 2319. The speech of Chairman of Tata Steel Co. in to-morrow's meeting is keenly awaited and it is likely that to-morrow market may fluctuate heavily.

Closing Rates: Ashok 617-8-0, Arvind 1.383, Arvind Straw Board 73, Ambika 439, Calico 1,258, Gujrat cotton 35, Jupiter 321-8-0.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, for the week ended the 14th day of September 1945.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

	Rs
LIABILITIES	
Notes held in the Banking Department	10,19,64,000
Notes in circulation	11,51,20,70,000
Total Notes issued	11,61,40,34,000
Total Liabilities	11,61,40,34,000
ASSETS	**Rs.**
A Gold Coin and Bullion	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
Sterling Securities	10,42,32,89,000
Total of A	10,86,74,32,000
B. Rupee Coin	16,81,73,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,29,000
Total Assets	11,61,40,34,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93 572 per cent.	

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	2,54,80,48,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,03,27,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	20,84,06,000
(b) Banks	114,87,34,000
(c) Others	15,66,59,000
Bills Payable	2,48,52,000
Other Liabilities	5,82,57,000
Rupees	5,25,52,83,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	10,19,64,000
Rupee Coin	27,40,000
Subsidiary Coin	4,04,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	3,92,89,000
Balances held abroad	1,90,07,91,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	2,00,000
Investments	24,71,13,000
Other Assets	6,27,82,000
Rupees	5,25,52,83,000

SARAT BOSE TO RESUME CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP

Pledges To Bring Unity Among Congressmen In Bengal And Country

CALCUTTA, September 18. (A.P.I.): The "Quit India" resolution adopted by the Congress in August 1942 was strongly supported by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at a press conference today.

He said that he was extremely pleased as the demand had since been widened by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel by introducing the words "Quit Asia".

Emphasising the need for complete unity among Congress ranks, Mr. Bose said: "I would certainly do all that lies in me to bring that unity about, not only in my own province but other provinces as well. I shall also endeavour to do my little in bringing in all Nationalist Muslims inside the Congress as early as possible."

As regards his formally joining the Congress, Mr. Bose said: "I have always been inside the Congress and I have considered myself to be a Congressman since I was only 10 years old. My four anna membership of the Congress ceased not because I had done anything, but because disciplinary action was taken against me by the Congress President. Now that the action was spent itself because of the time that has elapsed, I shall certainly enroll myself as a four anna member of the Congress".

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Dr. P.C. Ghosh, members of the Congress Working Committee, who are now in the city for the sessions of the A.-I.C.C. which open on Friday.

Shades Of Belsen In Lahore Fort

BOSE'S NEPHEWS ALLEGE THEY WERE BEATEN AND THREATENED TO BE SHOT BY FIRING SQUAD

LAHORE, Sept. 18 (A.P.I.): A tremendous ovation was given at a mammoth gathering tonight to the three nephews of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Maulana Muniruzzaman Islamabadi, Deputy Leader of the Krishak Proja Party of Bengal and Professor Arun Sen on their release.

Apparently overwhelmed by the great warmth of reception the young boyish-looking Bose nephews burst into tears as the mass gathering mentioned the name of Subhas Chandra Bose in a thundering chorus. Many of the men and women themselves were seen in tears.

Sensational allegations of third degree methods of torture were made by Dwijendra Nath Bose, the eldest of the nephews.

He said that he was out of the British butcher-house after nearly four and a half years.

He was cross-examined day and night by a high placed C.I.D. official of the Punjab Government in the Lahore Fort: "Did Subhas Chandra Bose escape from India on the advice of Gandhi? Will the Ruler of Jamnagar side with the Japanese? Is Sardar Baldev Singh (Punjab Minister) a friend of Subhas Bose? Did he help Subhas Bose?"

Such were the questions, Dwijendra Nath said, that were put to him night and day. When he refused to reply he used to be beaten. He was threatened with being handed over to the military for being shot by a firing squad.

He said that once he was transferred to a cell heated to a temperature of 160 degrees and kept there till he dropped down unconscious.

Dwijendra Nath spoke seated in a chair because of weakness and stopped at times under the strain of speaking. He said that he had always conducted himself according to the non-violent policy of the Congress.

Aurobindo Bose, the youngest of the three, strongly criticised the Punjab Ministry which he said was a "Marionette Ministry" dancing to the tune of the British.

Franco's Regime Won't Last Long

Blum Wants Revival Of Republic In Spain

LONDON Sept. 18 (Reuter): M. Leon Blum, former Premier of France who is here on a private visit, told a press conference today that he personally felt that General Franco's regime in Spain had not much chance of lasting.

He did not think that Monarchy was a solution to the Spanish problem because restoration had become more difficult with the Labour Government in Great Britain. "It is desirable that all democratic forces of Spain should join hands and this ought to lead to a revival of the Republic M. Blum declared.

M Blum also reiterated his strong advocacy of rapprochement between Great Britain and France. "I believe that such rapprochement would be able to direct the tendencies of the world towards an international organisation and peace and would necessarily lead to agglomeration of the powers of Western and Northern Europe and, in the near future, Southern Europe as well."

SPAIN WAS NOT CONSULTED ON TANGIER ISSUE

MADRID, Sept. 18 (Reuter): The Spanish Ministry of Foreign Affairs in a statement issued tonight from San Sebastian referring to the decision to re-establish Tangier as an international zone said: "This has been arrived at without Spain's knowledge or without any previous agreement with her."

The statement said that before Spain's intervention at Tangier, France and Britain were fully informed about the occupation, and Britain made no protest. Finally at a later date a modus vivendi was arrived at "which consolidated the de facto situation created"

Calcutta Tram Traffic Paralysed

7,000 TRAMWAY MEN GO ON STRIKE

Four Million Population Of City Faces Severe Transport Crisis

CALCUTTA, September 19 (A.P.I.): Calcutta's 7,000 tramway men went on strike this morning bringing to a standstill the entire tram traffic which in a normal day used to carry eight and a half lakhs of passengers per day.

Police guards have been posted at the Tramway Central Office and at the different depots.

Calcutta's war swollen population of nearly four million had to depend on its over-strained bus services owing to the complete stoppage of the trams.

The office going public was the most affected. Many had to walk to their places of work. Rikshaw fares have jumped overnight to double or treble the usual rates.

The demands of the tramwaymen include the declaration of 'Id' and 'Pujah' bonus, the reinstatement of certain victimised workers, better medical and leave facilities, increment in wages, to be settled by a Wages Board, and increase in dearness allowance, to cover the high cost of living.

It was announced earlier that Mr. R. Gupta, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Alipore, who had been appointed to adjudicate in the dispute, would start his enquiry on September 27.

A number of labour organisations have announced their support of the tramway workers and their readiness to stand by the tramwaymen and back them in every way possible. These include the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation Mazdur Union, the Calcutta Rickshaw Mazdur Union, the Bus Workers' Union and the Motor Transport Union.

The secretary of the Calcutta Tramway Workers Union, Mr. P. Majumdar, in a statement says "the 'communique' issued by the Bengal Government today with regard to the settlement of the tramway dispute purports to make a new offer to the workers with a view to preventing the strike. A careful perusal of the Government 'communique' reveals that the new offer amounts to no more than the substitution of a conciliation board for a court of Adjudication.

"In the opinion of the Union, Government is attempting by means of legal phraseology to persist in its policy of refusing the workers an immediate settlement of certain of their most burning and immediate demands such as 'Id' and 'Pujah' bonus. Reinstatement of dismissed workers, and full implementation of the previous adjudication award.

IMMEDIATE DEMAND NEED NO ENQUIRY

"The union has already made it clear in its public statements as well as in Government conferences that the real issue at stake is not whether one type of machinery for the settlement of disputes is preferable to some other machinery, but that these most immediate demands had not at all called for further inquiry or Government investigation but can and must be settled on their own merits outside any Court of Adjudication or similar procedure. Provided the Company was prepared to accept these immediate demands, the Union might be willing to submit the remainder to some form of settlement machinery in a calmer atmosphere which would then prevail.

But as matters stand, the Government press communique not only completely ignores this fundamental stand of the workers but only offers them a conciliation whose functioning would, if anything, be even more dilatory and unsatisfactory than that of adjudication."

PREVIOUS STRIKES

In 1939 there was a partial tramway strike for 21 days for the reinstatement of 45 discharged persons. In 1942 there were strikes, each of which lasted three days.

SATARA 'HABEAS CORPUS' CASE ADJOURNED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Raghunath Keshav Bhagavade, Parshuram Duyanoba Tandulwadkar, Mohanlal Ramchand Kothari, Gopal Babaji Khot, Govind Hari Borate and Yeshwant Yadoo Jagdale, six detenus from Satara were produced before Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Bavdekar at the Bombay High Court, to-day, when their 'Habeas Corpus' application came up for hearing.

The petitioners were arrested by the Satara Police on the suspicion that they were harbouring a political absconder, Bapu Bhau Kachre.

They were then held in detention under the Restriction and Detention Ordinance, Section 3.

The application made on behalf of the detenus stated that the detention was illegal and that they should be set at liberty. It was further stated that the police had arrested the petitioners in order to terrorise the people. They were all respectable persons and took no part in any political activities.

The applicants also alleged that they were arrested and detained merely as hostages with a view to coerce and intimidate people of their villages to give the police information regarding the whereabouts of the absconder. They had not at any time harboured the absconder.

Since February 1945, the application further alleged, the Satara police with a large contingent of outside policemen specially drafted for the purpose spread a reign of terror in the villages of the petitioners. A large number of villagers including women were brutally assaulted by the police and humiliated in public.

The Government Pleader submitted that the application was not relevant. There was a detention order dated August 30, which was served on them on September 5.

The Court observed that the petitioners stated that they were arrested by the police under Section 129 Clause 2 of the Defence of India Rules under orders of the Provincial Government.

The Government Pleader replied that they were arrested and detained at the instance of the District Magistrate.

The Court remarked that the District Magistrate's affidavit did not say that they were arrested at his instance. It was not clear.

The Government Pleader thereupon wanted time to file a fresh affidavit.

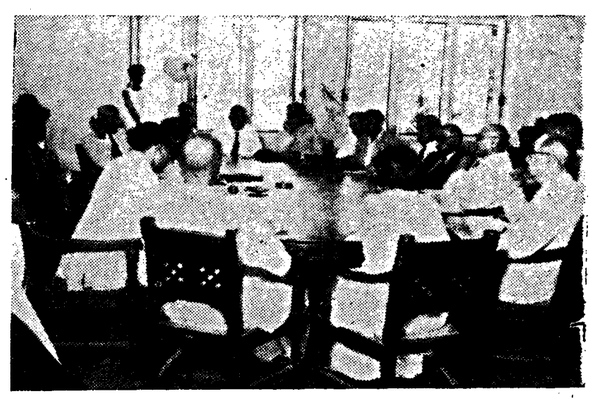
Counsel for the petitioners objected saying that the Crown had already been given two adjournments.

Mr. Justice Sen: "There is no doubt that the other side has been negligent; but is it not better that we should be in possession of all facts?"

Their Lordships then adjourned the hearing to Sept. 26. The Court also ordered the petitioners to be produced in Court on that day.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwalla, instructed by Mr. B. G. Padhye, appeared for the applicants.

The Government Pleader, Mr. S. G. Patwardhan represented the Crown.



Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru addressing the National Planning Committee which met in the Bombay University Hall on Monday evening.

Azad Invites Sarat Bose

CALCUTTA, September 18. (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has received a telegram from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President inviting him to come to Bombay and participate in the A.I.C.C. Meeting.

Mr. Bose is leaving tomorrow for Bombay.

HIROHITO DECEIVED BY MILITARISTS

Emperor Not A War Criminal: Jap Premier's Firm Belief

TOKYO, Sept. 19 (A.P.A.): Prince Higashi Kuni told his first Allied Press Conference that the Japanese Government contemplates establishing a committee to determine the Japanese responsibility for starting the war.

He said the Government intended to try accused Japanese if General MacArthur approves.

Told that in certain sections Allied public opinion regarded Emperor Hirohito as a war criminal, the Prince replied:

"I believe firmly that the Emperor is not a war criminal. He was deceived by militarists who were close to him and he was not told the truth."

SENATOR'S MOVE FOR HIROHITO'S TRIAL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (Reuter): The early trial as a war criminal of the Japanese Emperor, Hirohito is to be requested in legislation introduced by Senator Richard B. Russell.

He has submitted to the Senate a joint resolution whereby Congress would declare it a "policy of the United States to try Hirohito, Emperor of Japan, as a war criminal."

The resolution would direct General MacArthur and American representatives of any international tribunal established to try Japanese war criminals to take all necessary steps to bring Hirohito to trial.

Alleged Saboteur Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Babu Bhau Kutchare, alleged to be concerned with the Satara outrages of 1943, was arrested last night at Victoria Terminus station by Inspector Mirajkar of Satara District Police.

Babu Bhau is said to have come to Bombay about two months back and was living "underground" in Bombay. He was suspected to have gone to Delhi six days back and was trying to leave Bombay again yesterday when he was arrested.

He is suspected to be involved in 19 cases of outrages including burning houses, bungalows, bastenadoing people and one murder. Once he is said to have with some others beaten up a police patel and terrorised him to pay Rs. 2,000.

Read What a Sessions Judge Writes For Prof. Bopara

Prof. Bopara met me after 10 years and I found his predictions alright and what he has told almost proved correct. He possesses good psychic power, I recommend him to all.

Forewarned is Forearmed

SERVICE TO HUMANITY IS SERVING GOD

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Time 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

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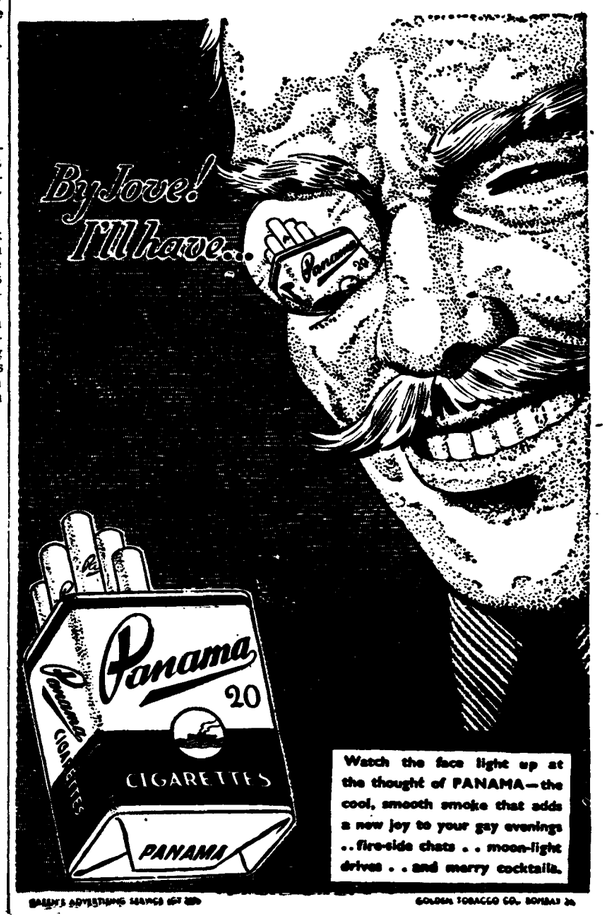
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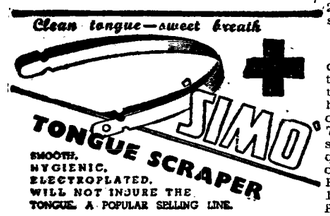

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Improved Demand For Cotton Mill Shares

COTTON STEADY WITH NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT

Bullion Market Keeps Up Firmer Tendency

BOMBAY, Sept. 19.

The Share Bazar was steady with a moderate business. An attempt was made to push up Steel Shares but there was no following. Among mills Bombay Dyeings, Kohinoor & Swadeshi Shares were in demand. Bank Shares also hardened. As a result of day's working Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 5/- while Ordinary Shares remained unchanged. Bombay Dyeings gained Rs. 9/- and Swadeshi Rs. 6/-.

Cotton market was steady with a narrow price movement while Bullion market ruled firm on continued support.

The Share Bazar was dull today with a restricted turnover after yesterday's brightening up the market was inclined to rest awaiting Lord Wavell's statement. Price fluctuations were confined to narrow range. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2.320 and steadied at Rs. 2.317. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 434 and improved to Rs. 435 but steadied at Rs. 434. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1.936 and improved to Rs. 1.938 but quickened at Rs. 1.935. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 600 X.D. and steadied at Rs. 601. Century shares were quoted at Rs. 895 and Gokaks were placed at Rs. 293. Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 286 while Associated Cements were done at Rs. 217-8.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1941/6 Century 895 Nagpur 376 Swadeshi 553 New Great 384/8 Simplex 290 Kohinoor XD 605 Colaba 243 Gokak 294 Phoenix 650 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 163 Swan 307 Finlay 282 Morarji 720 Indore 677/8 Edward Sassoon 635

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 434 Tata Steel Defd 2320

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 203/8 Andhra 1822/6 Tata Power 1863/12 Tram Ord 148/4

CEMENT

Associated Merger 217/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 562/8 Alcock 405 Bellapur 224/8 Shivrajpur 50/8 Steamer Ord 600 Scindia 37/14 Construction 210

CASH SECTION

MILS: Apollo 3/15 Elphinstone 76 E. U. Ord 13/11 Defd 2/12 Indian Mfg 3530 Kurla 241/4 Khatau 315/10 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 255 Minerva 235 Bradbury 323/12 Bharucha Dfds 8/1 Bharat 60 Madhavji 19/4 Model 248/12 Laxmi Cotton 1407/8 Vishnu Cotton 495 Western 2610 Sholapur 7000 Sassoon Cotton 21 Hindustan 38/10 Meyer Sassoon 188/12 Tata Mills 65/8 Ahd. Advance 403/2 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 23 Poddar 320 Madhusudan 441/4 New 90 Shri Nivas 375 Raja Bahadur Poona 105 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad XB 170/10 Surat 243/12 Surat New Premium 118/2 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 14/14 Amalgamated 18/8 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 210 New Premium 100

BANKS:

Reserve 139 Imperial 2217/8 P. P. 571/4 Central 85 India 190/8 Union 9 Baroda 143/8 Habib 81/8 International 48/8 A B C 45/8 Dena Bank 70 United 77 Jaipur 67 Hindustan 52/8 National Savings F P 73 P P 39/8 Mysore 388 Exchange 50/8 Bikaner 29/4

INSURANCE

Oriental 6600 Empire 1200 New India 84 Jupiter 31/8 Vulcan 16/14 Indian Mercantile 63 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25 Br L Ben 25 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 51/8

RAILWAYS

Ad Prantij 722/8 C P 108 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Serajganj 116/8 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 195 Burma Petrol 5/10/9 Tata Oil 70 Mackenzie 139/6 Port Canning 107 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 390 B 411/4 Defd 426 Indian Investment Trust 120/8 Wimco 311/14 Tata Chemical 19/4 Dharamsi Chemical 34 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 325/10 Supreme Industries 210 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 India Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590 Kemp 500

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second 170/8 Tram 68/8 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 165/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 732/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/4 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec 249/6 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/1 2Tata Chemical 124 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 41 Bengal Steel 34/7 Indian Copper 3/4 B. I. C. 7/6/6 Burma Corporation 6/5/6 New Victoria Mill 7/15 Victoria Pref. 10/2/6 Cawnpore Tex 12/12 Raja Tex 68/8 Phaiton 155 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hindu 2460 Sajjan 430 Osmanshahi 315 Ajamshahi 556/4.

GOLD & SILVER

The local market opened steady and during the early part of the session there was some selling but lower quotations attracted renewed buying on higher Calcutta advices. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 73/3 and declined to Rs. 72/15 but firmed up to Rs 73/9 and steadied at Rs. 73/4. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 73/9. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 127/8 and declined to Rs. 126/8 but again improved to Rs. 127/8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs 127/12

The market ruled firm and Gold advanced to Rs. 74 and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	128 4 0
Forward Silver	128 0 0

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES
BOMBAY, Sept. 19.
MILLS

Apollo 3 15 3/14/9 3/15
Bharat 60/12 60
B. Dyeing 1932/8 38/12 35 38/12 33/12 41/4
Bradbury (Ord) 323/12
Central India (Ord) 376 76/8 75 77 75 76
Century 895
Colaba 242 40 43/8 42 43
Edward 632/8 35
Elphinstone (Ord) 76
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/14
Finlay 282 82/8 82
Gokak 293/8 95 94 95 94
India United Defd 2/12 2/12/6 2/12
India United Ord 13/12 13/10/6
Indore 672/8 81/4 75 77/8
Khatau 315 10
Kohinoor 599 602/8 599 602 600/8 602 1 5 (Ex. Div)
Luxmi 1407/8
Madhusudan 441/4
Meyer 187/8 88/12
Model 248/12
Morarjee 710 17/8 16/4 80
New Great 386 84/8 86 84/8
Podar 320
Raja Bhadur Poona 105
Sassoon Cotton 21/6
Simplex 286 85/8 89/8 88/8 90
Swadeshi 551 52/8 50 55 50/8 53
Swan 308 7
Tata Mills 65/8
Vishnu 495

BANKS:

A. B. C 45/8
Baroda 143/8
Central 84/8 84 84/8 84/4 85
Exchange 50/8
Imperial (Old) 2217/8
Imperial (New) 570/10 71/4
India 190 90/8
Reserve 139
Union 9

ELECTRIC

Andhra Valley (Ord) 1822/8
Tram (Ord) 148/8 48/4
Tram (Pref) 68/12 68/8
Surat 248/12 49/6
Hydro (Ord) 203 2/8
Power (Ord) 1863/12

INSURANCE

British India 25
Indian Mercantile 63
Jupiter 31/8
New India 83/8 84/8 84/4 84/8 84
Bombay Steam 605 600
Scindia 37/10 37/12 37/6 37/14 37/13 37/14
Tata Steel Defd 2318/12 26/4 12/8 21/4 16/4 20 10 20
Tata Steel Ord 434/8 35 32/8 34 33 35/8 33/8 34/8 34
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 170/4 71 70/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 405 6/4 5
A Cement 217/8 18 17/4 17/12 17 17/8
Belapur 225 24/8 25/8 24/8
Burmah (Old) 562/8 61/4 62/8
Burmah (New) 196/4 95
B. B. Petrol 5/10/6 5/11/4 5/10/9
Dharamsey Chemical 34
Indian Bleaching 163
I. I. Trust 120 20/8
Port Canning 107
P Construction (Ord) 310 11 10
Shivrajpur 50/8
Tata Chemical (Ord) 19/10 19/4 19/6 19/4
Tata Chemical (Pref) 124
Tata Oil 70 70/8 70
Western India Match 311/14
Indian Radio (Ord) 'A' 390
McKenzies Limited 139/8

Ready Gold	.....	73	12 0
Forward Gold	.....	73	8 0
Sovereigns	.....	50	8 0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 412 for January delivery and declined to Rs. 410/8 under scattered selling and steadied at Rs. 411. The market remain closed tomorrow and naturally there was less disposition to operate. There was holiday feeling as this week the market will remain open for one hour on Friday for clearing rates and teji mandi settlement.

Oct. highest (10-44 a.m.) 22.90—

The market was very steady. There was selective buying and Kohinoors were firm and today ex-dividend quotation was unchanged. There was some buying in other Mill Shares on reports that Indian Mills will have a good market for their cloth outside India. In Steel Shares attempts were made to push up quotations by large holders but absence of short interest failed to attract buyers but present quotations include interest and they are firmly held. There was good enquiry for Central and India Bank Shares. The Share Bazar will open at 12-30 p.m. and close at 2.30 p.m. from Monday.

Later on the market was quiet and January was quoted at Rs. 410/8. The market closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Sept.	.....	350	0 0
I.C.C. Jan	.....	410	0 0
I.C.C. March	.....	417	0 0
I.C.C. May	.....	428	8 0

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 693 cent points under New York January at Exchange rate 331.

Wall Street Recovers After Technical Correction On Improved Labour Situation

Routine Trading In N. Y. Cotton Market With Hedging

NEW YORK Sept. 18. Wall Street opened irregular and quiet but Automative issues strengthened after the compromise offer by the United Auto. Workers Union to withhold the strike vote. Prices firmed under the leadership of motors following the union offer and hopes that Washington will settle the labour rifts threatening reconversion. Prices generally rallied as apprehension over nationwide disputes waned, while the brightening picture of peacetime prosperity aided recovery. Accounts were reinstated on the idea that the substantial three session declined had proved a sound technical correction. Gains of fractions to more than one point predominated at the close which was firm.

American Telephone (181-5/8) 183 Amerex Corpn. (31-7/8) 32-1/8 Anaconda Copper Mining (33-7/8) 35-3/8 Chase National (40-7/8) 31-1/8 Consolidated Oil (16) 16-1/4 Firestone Tyre and Rubber (61-3/8) 62-1/2 General Electric (47) 48-1/2 General Motors (70) 73 Ingersol Rand (118-1/2) 119 International Nickel (33-3/4) 35 National City Bank of New York (42-1/4) 43 New York Central Rail (25-3/8) 26-1/2 Socony Vaccum Corpn. (15-5/8) 15-3/4 Texas Corpn (53) 53-1/4 Union Carbon and Carbide (95-1/2) 97 U. S. Smelting (65-1/2) 65-1/2 U. S. Steel Corpn. (71-3/8) 73-7/8 Western Union Telegraph (48) 49.

COTTON MARKET STEADY.

New York cotton opened barely steady. Prices declined on overnight liquidation attributable principally to widespread labour unrest and fears that it will eventually extend to the textile industry. The market then steadied on covering due to reported storm damage in North Carolina and expectations that the weekly weather report tomorrow will mention the unfavourable effect of the tropical storm. On the other hand trading was mostly routine with price fixing and trade buying meeting a scattering of hedges. Latterly the session became quiet but steady in sympathy with securities and grains and reported storm damage and weevil complaints. The market closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Grains ruled firm under the leadership of rye with near months reaching new high levels for the season on the continuance of covering movement prompted by revived talk of possible exports of this grain and strength of winnipeg. Increased emphasis was placed on the large European food requirements an fears of cold in the offing in the maize belt were additional stimulus.

Sept. (1 67-1/2 to 1.67-5/8) 1.68-1/2 to 1.68-1/2
Dec. (1.67-1/8 to 1.67-1/4) 1.68-1/8 to 1.68-1/4
May (1.65-1/4 to 1 65-1/4) 1.66-5/8 to 1.66.3/4

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Sept. 19

October	22.84—06
Oct. lowest (3 p m.)	22.84—09
December	22.94—
January	22.83—
March	22.91—
May	22.86—01
July	22.61—01
October	21.76 bid+03
Middling Spot	23.26—09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	22.78—02
December	22.90—02
March	22.92 bid—01
May	22.88 bid—02
July	22.65 bid+01
Middling Spot	22.40—

NEW YORK COTTON
NOON CALL

October	22.88
December	22.93
March	22.90

Sales Of Prize Bonds

As stocks of the Government of India 5-year Interest-free Prize Bonds of the denomination of Rs. 10 are not sufficient to keep all offices at which bonds are available for sale at present supplied with bonds of this value Prize Bonds of Rs. 10 denomination will, with effect from the 23rd September 1945, be available for sale only at the Indian Offices of the Reverve Bank of India. Prize Bonds of the denomination of Rs. 100 will however, continue to be available at all Indian Offices of the Reserve Bank of India and branches of the Imperial Bank of India as at present even after the 22nd September 1945

ASSAM TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. 1,50,00,000 of three months' Government of Assam Treasury Bills will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India Bombay and Calcutta, upto 11 a.m., on Thursday the 27th September.

TRADING IN COTTON

The local Cotton market will remain open from 1 p. m. to 2 p. m. on Friday and will remain entirely closed on Saturday.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY Sept. 19.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 Days/st 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 90 Days/st 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.

LONDON NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328.

LONDON MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs 296 1/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c., 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone: Very easy.

OPA May Raise Silver Prices

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17 (UPA). The Government Office of Price Administration is working on an amendment for raising the price of imported silver by perhaps ten cents an ounce well informed circles said today. An announcement is expected to be made later this week.

Meanwhile it is learned that the supply of 45 cents foreign silver is almost exhausted.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.
BOMBAY Sept. 18.

I.C.C. Sept. Closing at 6 p.m. 350.
I.C.C. Jan. Highest 413, Lowest 409-1/2, Closing at 6 p.m. 412-3/4.
I.C.C. March Highest 420 Lowest 417 Closing at 6 p.m. 419-2/4.
I.C.C. May Highest 431-1/2, Lowest 428 Closing at 6 p.m. 431-1/4.
KARACHI 4F Jan. Highest 42/11/0, Lowest 42/6/9, Closing at 6 p.m. 42/10/6.

KORIS' RATE
BHUJ, Sept. 19.

Hundi Koris 289/8, 390/8.

CENTRAL INDIA SPG., WVG. AND MFG. CO., LTD.

In the course of the speech delivered by the Chairman, Sir Sorab Saklatvala, Kt., at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Contral India S. W. and M. Company on Tuesday, 18th September 1945:—

This meeting has been called for considering the transfer of the Managing Agency from Tata Sons Ltd., to Tata Industries Ltd., floated by them, and for the execution of a new Managing Agency Agreement with the latter Company and consequential amendments to the Articles of Association. It is necessary that a fresh agreement be executed with Tata Industries Ltd. It was first thought to make a new agreement for the unexpired period of the existing agreement viz a fixed period ending on the 30th June 1950 and a further indefinite period until the Managing Agents resign or new Managing Agents are appointed in their place by a Special Resolution. Your Directors, however, thought that as a new agreement was to be executed it would be in the interest of Shareholders themselves to have an agreement with the new Managing Agents for a period of 20 years commencing from 1st October 1945.

Concluding Sir Sorab said:—"The first Resolution which is to be proposed at this meeting would require a modification. As this modification is in favour of the Company we could have made it at this meeting itself without giving formal notice, but to obviate some possible technical objections that might arise, we have deemed it advisable to request you to pass the Resolution as it stands. The necessary modification in the new agreement would be effected by a Supplementary Agreement which would be executed after passing the requisite Resolution at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company (notice of which resolution would be given to the shareholders) which is to be held next month. I, however give you an undertaking on behalf of the Managing Agents that with effect from the date of commencement of the new Agreement, i.e. from 1st October 1945, Managing Agency commission of 10 per cent of net profits will be calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 87C(3) of the Amended Companies Act even though the new agreement in its present form is being adopted."

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.
CALICUT Sept. 19.

Cocoanuts Raw 82/8, Dry 90, Cocoanutoil 345 Copra Office 225, Dilpasand 235. Madrasnottam 240, Goodgooda 240 Pepper Wynaad 350, Country 340, Dryginger Chernad 250, Ernad 235. Coffee Robusta 90.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Sept. 18.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74
Consols 2-1/2 p c	89-1/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	104-9/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	114-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A and China	11-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	93-1/2
National Bank of India	42-1/4

GWALIOR WHEAT CROP.
GWALIOR, Sept. 17.

The fourth wheat forecast for the year, 1944-1945 released by the Gwalior Government reveals that the total area under the wheat crop including the Jagir area was 14,49,142 acres which was 9 per cent less than that of the previous year.

The outturn is estimated at 3,60,729 tons which is 16 per cent more than that of the previous year.

SATURDAY MAIL

FIRST NATIONAL NEWSWEEKLY

The PUJA NUMBER of the 'Mail' will be published by the first week of October. The issue will be of impressive bulk and contain articles by the eminent leaders and writers of the country.

Present-day national politics, international affairs, literature, science, industry—all will be embraced in its wide compass. Besides, there will be interesting biographical sketches of national and foreign personalities. It will be profusely illustrated and will be in the nature of a compendium of current events.

PRICE: 1/8/-

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K. N. DALAL, Mg. Director.

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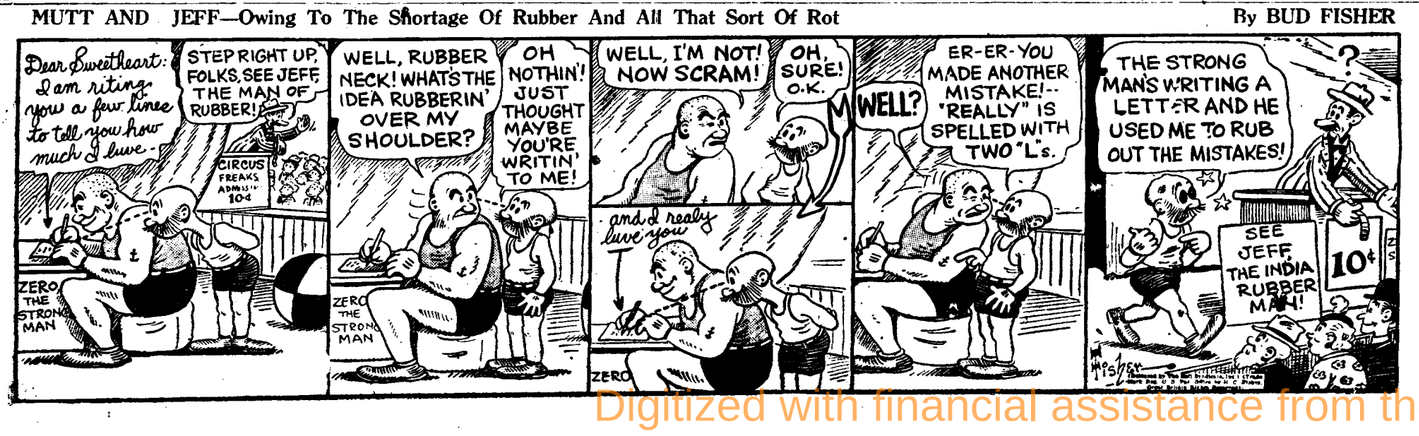
Manufacturers' epresentatives, 34, Godown Street, MADRAS.

MUTT AND JEFF—Owing To The Shortage Of Rubber And All That Sort Of Rot — By BUD FISHER


Dear Sweetheart: I am riting you a few lines to tell you how much I luve-
STEP RIGHT UP, FOLKS, SEE JEFF, THE MAN OF RUBBER!
CIRCUS FREAKS ADMISH 10¢
ZERO THE STRONG MAN
WELL, RUBBER NECK! WHAT'S THE IDEA RUBBERIN' OVER MY SHOULDER?
OH NOTHIN'! JUST THOUGHT MAYBE YOU'RE WRITIN' TO ME!
ZERO THE STRONG MAN
WELL, I'M NOT! NOW SCRAM!
OH, SURE! O.K.
and I really luve you
ZERO
WELL?
ER-ER-YOU MADE ANOTHER MISTAKE!-- "REALLY" IS SPELLED WITH TWO "L"s.
THE STRONG MAN'S WRITING A LETTER AND HE USED ME TO RUB OUT THE MISTAKES!
SEE JEFF, THE INDIA RUBBER MAN!
10¢
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SUN is the only powerful planet that can uproot these diseases for ever. The present science of treatment also admits the curative value of the sun-rays. Patients, despaired of all treatments, please come down or write their present state of the disease. It is the only place where patients are successfully treated under this new theory.

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For Friendship, Matrimony, Trade hobbies, both sexes Join "Friends" 24|26, Ramghat Benares, (Secy Mrs. Suvarn Devi). 9401

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Nurses for the newly started Nursing and Maternity Home. Apply immediately in person to Dr. P. S. Muthulakshmi 'Barsana', King's Circle. (9405)

Wanted temporary Clerks for a period of one month for writing dividend warrants and performing other duties of Share Department. Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay. 4830

Applications are invited from Hindusthani and English knowing artistes (both sex), dancers (lady) from a reputed screen concern. Apply Box No. 9406, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Civil Engineer, qualified Overseers and Mistries, well versed in Sewer Drain and Water connections Works. Apply with copies of testimonials and minimum salary expected to N. K. Bros., 14|2, Old China Bazar St., Calcutta. 9402

Wanted immediately an experienced man expert in Retouching and Printing Photos. Apply in person: Hindmata Photo Studio, Lalbag, Bombay No. 12. 9369

Wanted immediately Drivers for the Traffic Department, Bandra Bus Company, Limited, Santa Cruz. Apply personally to the Traffic Manager with testimonials. (4820)

Wanted an experienced Chemist having experience of manufacturing Gin, Whisky, Rum, etc. to take charge of a Distillery in U. P. Salary according to qualifications. Please apply with testimonials. Box No. 4819, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted respectable and Influential Organisers to sell shares of highly Prospective Drug and Chemical Company at Calcutta with a sound Directorate, Box No. 9399, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Permanent Organising Assistants, residing in Ghatkopar, Kurla, Bhivandi, Sion, Matunga, Dadar, Parel, Lalbag, and Mahim suburbs. Aptitude for salesmanship and out-door organisation in Life Insurance essential. High prospects and training given. Apply to the Manager, The Argus Insurance Company, Ltd. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (9305)

Wanted Graduate Teachers to teach maths. science, English, etc. on pay and grade mentioned below:—B.A. 60-5-100; B.Sc. 75-5-100. M.A. 75-5-120; B.T. 80-5-125; Under graduate 45-3-75; T.D. or S.T.C. Rs. 7 more; Physical Instructor, Kandivli Trained 50-5-80. Benefit of P. F. and D.A. of Rs. 6. Trained and experienced preferred. Should be prepared to join immediately. Apply Secretary, Educational Committee. Victoria Jubilee Madressa High School, Porbunder, before 30th September. 4805

Applications for the following posts should reach the undersigned before 7th October, 1945:—(1) Lecturer in Persian and Urdu. (2) Lecturer in German. Minimum qualification required is B.A. (First Class) or M.A. (Second Class) in the subject concerned. G. B. Jathar, Principal, Khalsa College, Bombay. (8371)

Wanted A Medical Officer for the Mukalla Residency on a salary Rs. 300-20-400 per mensem plus war allowance. Free unfurnished quarters or an allowance in lieu. Free second class passage both ways. Candidates must be qualified M.B.B.S. and experienced. Two years contract in the first instance. Please apply to Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., Agents: Government of Aden Colony, 121 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (4810)

FLATS WANTED

Flats Wanted—Wanted two flats for offices permanent. Write Box No. 9380, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Certificate and D.Com. Degree November Examinations commence everywhere. Deposit entries. Become F.S.C. Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. (4637C)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Just Published! Partition or Federation? A study in the Indian Constitutional problem by Prof. D. N. Banerjee Rs. 2|- only. General Printers and Publishers Ltd., 119, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta. (9394)

MEDICAL ADLETS

E.P.S. Caffein Aspirin for Headache and fever. 2 tablets in a packet obtainable at chemists and dealers. Tablets Limited P.B. 67, Madras. Bombay Office: 11, Western India House, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay. 4653

Tonsils: Avoid Operation, Sweet remedy Certified by Rajas and Noblemen, confirmed by Medical Opinion Kent Chemicals, Pudukottah (S. I.). (9351)

ASTROLOGICAL

Prediction 12 Months. Send Time. Date, Place of Birth or any number with Re. 1-8. M.O., V. R. Murthy, S. B.Sc., 171, Gandhinagar, Bellary. (9395)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED that on and from 1st October 1945, the following additional trains will be introduced to timings shown against each:—

BOMBAY-NASIK ROAD SHUTTLE

13 Dn.		14 Up
15-25 D.	Bombay	A. 4-35
21-20 A.	Nasik Road	D. 23-10

BHUSAVAL-MANMAD SHUTTLE

42 Up		41 Dn.
5-10 D.	Bhusaval	A. 16-25
11-10 A.	Manmad	D. 12- 5

BHUSAVAL-SHEGAON SHUTTLE

29 Dn.		30 Up
21-55 D.	Bhusaval	A. 4-45
0-50 A.	Shegaon	D. 1-40

BHUSAVAL-KHANDWA SECTION

27 Dn. and 28 Up Bhusaval Fast Passenger trains now running between Bombay and Bhusaval will be extended to and from Khandwa.

27 Dn.		28 Up
21- 5 D.	Bhusaval	A 7-25
0-30 A.	Khandwa	D. 3-40

DHOND-BARAMATI BRANCH

An additional train will be introduced.

737		736
13-25 D.	Dhond	A. 12-25
15-25 A.	Baramati	D. 10-30

Particulars of detailed timings obtainable from Station Masters concerned.

(4824)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for waiting list, for the following temporary posts in the Finance Department (Supply):—

(1) Junior Assistants.

Minimum qualification-Hons. or second class graduates. Pay scale Rs. 100-5-120-10-170 plus the usual dearness allowance.

(2) Typists. Pay Rs. 50, 60, 70 according to speed of 30, 35 and 50 words per minute respectively together with the usual dearness allowance.

(3) Stenographers. Speed 120 words per minute. Pay scale Rs. 125-5-150 with usual dearness allowance.

Applications may be sent with copies of testimonials to the undersigned not later than 10th October 1945.

V. V. NADHAVKAR,
Assistant Establishment Officer,
Finance Department (Supply).
Civil Secretariat, Fort, Bombay.

4827

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. The Krishna Button Mg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (9376)

Wanted Agents for Coffee, Honey. Beeswax. Apply with Postage Azad-Bharat Distributors, Bellary. 9-97

Wanted Agents, canvassers and stockist for selling Horn and Pearl Buttons on decent commission. Apply for terms. Metro Button Centre. 22, Shakharibazar, Dacca. (Bengal). (9400)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

British Army Officer (R.E.) would like to contact Financial Partner with view to forming Construction Company. He is capable of handling large contracts and has extensive experience in use and purchase of heavy Excavation and Constructional Machinery (in Britain, South America, India, Burmah,) such as, Bulldozers, Scrapers, Excavators, etc., Apply Box No. 9408, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Spare parts for Thornycrofts' Marine Engines RA4, RB6, DB2 M4, RJ6 and BTH for sale. Apply for price list to Alcock, Ashdown & Co., Ltd. 16, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay. 4829

BUNGALOW & PLOT FOR SALE.

Two big Spacious Halls, open terrace on first floor, three big rooms and two on ground floor, title clean, vacant possession possible. Write or see Mr. S. K. Datar, Govind Bachaji Road, Charai, Thana. (9390)

For Sale.—A free-hold plot of land, measuring about twelve Hundred square yards, bearing No. 23 and situated at Ramnagar estate, Dombivli Patharli, Taluk Kalyan, Dist. Thana, is offered for sale to the person offering the highest price till 15th July, 1945. Persons desiring to purchase it should correspond with Mr. Pran Nath Seth, Advocate, Receiver estate, Mohanlal, Seva Sadan, Civil Lines, Cawnpore. (9378)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale: Want to sell 20 tons of Dried Potatoes of very good quality. Buyers may please communicate with Messrs. Modi Dehydrators, Ltd., Hapur, (U. P.). (9397)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill a permanent post of industrial Chemist, included in the Bengal General Service. Pay—250-700 Qualifications—must possess (a) a degree with high Honours in Chemistry of a recognised University, preferably a Doctor's degree; (b) training for at least two years in Industrial Chemistry in an up-to-date factory; (c) aptitude for undertaking original research on industrial problems. Preference will be given to a candidate who has done continuous research work. Age—must not be over 35 years on the 1st October, 1945. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 6th October, 1945.

(4822)

THE INDIAN TILES & FIRE BRICK WORKS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at National Insurance Building 204, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday the 18th October, 1945, at 6 P. M. (S.T.) to receive and adopt the Statutory Report of the Company.

By Order of the Board,
BULAKHIDAS NARANDAS & CO.,
Managing Agents.

(9407)

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on SATURDAY, the 15th Sept. and THURSDAY, the 20th Sept. 1945, the following roads will be CLOSED to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 3 p. m. and 8-30 p. m. on account of the immersion of Ganpatis:—

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road to Chaupati.

CHAUPATI from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road.

HUGHES ROAD from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road.

FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road.

HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road.

VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD from Cowasji Patel Tank to Sandhurst Road junction (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis when proceeding west, i. e. towards Chaupati).

GIRGAUM ROAD from Portuguese Church to Sandhurst Road junction and

MARINE DRIVE from its junction with the road leading from the foot - over - bridge between Churchgate and Marine Lines Rly. Station to its junction with Chaupati.

CHARNI ROAD from Portuguese Church to its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road shall be closed to east bound vehicular traffic (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis).

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and Vice Versa will proceed along the following roads:

WALKESHWAR TO FORT—Via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT: Via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR. Via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar Road.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL: Via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalia Tank Road.

CHAUPATI FOOT OVERBRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic going towards the sea-face UPTO 6-30 P. M. and all persons returning from the sea-face before this time will proceed via Sandhurst Bridge: FROM 6-30 P. M. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the sea-face. All persons wishing to go to the sea-face after 6-30 p. m. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

PARKING PROHIBITED. Parking of vehicles along Girgaum Road (Kennedy Bridge) North of Sandhurst Road on French Road and along New Queen's Road is prohibited.

This order is made under the provisions of section 23(4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 3rd Sept., 1945.

(4770)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the Construction of the Proposed Parekh Hospital (Foundations and Plinth) and the front block of shops, on the Station Road, Surat, estimated to cost Rs. 94,600|-; and will be received upto 4 p. m. (N.S.T.) on Friday the 5th October, 1945 in the office of the undersigned.

Drawings and conditions of contract, etc. can be seen and the specifications and Tender forms can be obtained from the office of the Municipal Engineer on any working day between 2 and 5 p.m. on payment of Rs. 10|-.

Rs. 1,000|- as earnest money must accompany the tender. The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. H. PATEL.
Offg. Chief Officer,
Borough Municipality,
Surat.

Municipal Office,
Surat, D|- 17-9-45.

(4825)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ATMARAM SEVAKLAL, Mr. VITHALDAS KALLIANJI KAPADIA and Mr. MAHENDRA FUSHPSEN GORAGANDHI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants as Trustees of the Indenture of Trust dated 7th December, 1916, made between Vanmalidas Jivandas Goragandhi of the one part and Vanmalidas Jivandas Goragandhi, Bai Diwalibai wife of Vanmalidas Jivandas Goragandhi and Dr. Parbhudas Goculdas of the other part have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land at Borivli part of Survey No. 73 and Record of Rights No. 25 on which there are trees and shrubs and chawl bearing House Nos. 2B and 2C Mandpeshwar Road of the Notified Area Committee, Borivli, situated at Borivli Sub-district Bandra, District Bombay Suburban, in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra containing by admeasurement one thousand three hundred and sixty-seven square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the EAST partly by the property of Kaikhushroo Limjibhoy Panday and Sakarlal Ramdas and partly by property originally belonging to Diwalibai, widow of Vanmalidas Jiwandas Goragandhi, on or towards the WEST by the property of Bhai Babaji Talim, on or towards the NORTH by a private passage part of the property of the said Bhai Babaji Talim and on or towards the SOUTH by the property of Kaikhushroo Limjibhoy Panday and Sakerlal Ramdas.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1945.

THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4821

PICKING BANDS

Beltings Buffers, etc. manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD highly approved by the Mills Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD., 9 Ash Lane Fort, Bombay Phone: 33609.

In a private letter about various other subjects, a Pai officer greatly praises *Milton* as follows:—

"I'm down to about half a bottle of Milton . . . *and with the mosquito and sandfly season just starting I shall have to go carefully . . . I always cut myself when I shave and I always rub* Milton *in to prevent infection and ensure quick healing. In nearly 4 years, with this place full of skin infections, I've never had a cut go bad."*

In every theatre of war, men and women are depending on *Milton* to keep them from discomforts and infection dangers. They have discovered that *Milton* destroys germs without harming living tissue. *Milton* has been recommended in recent British medical literature or in statements by authoritative bodies for many uses. In hot countries its value is even greater than in a temperate climate, as those stationed in India soon discover. Remember, when you're not using it, keep your *Milton* firmly corked.

MILTON
THE HYPOCHLORITE ANTISEPTIC

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHOLAPUR MUNICIPALITY
SAFEST SECURITY
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY

3 1|2% Loan amount of Rs. 4,24,000 out of Rs. 6,00,000|-.

Government Sanction 16th May 1945.

Enquire for Prospectus and Tender Form with one anna postage stamp.

N. A. ABDULPURKAR,
President,
Sholapur Municipality

Sholapur Municipal Office, Sholapur,
17th September, 1945.

4826

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (1) CASSAMALLY MUNJEE, (2) FRAMROZ HORMASJEE VAKEEL, (3) GULAMALI G. MERCHANT, (4) Bai KULSUMBAI, widow of Dostmahomed Munjee and (5) KARMALLY MUNJEE, the proving Executors of the Will of the late Mr. Dostmahomed Munjee have contracted to sell the undermentioned property known as "MALEK VILLA" to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, scale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL those two adjoining pieces of land of freehold tenure (now formed into one plot) together with the dwelling house and other structures standing thereon, situate on a private road off the Nepean Sea Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay admeasuring 2303 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Nos. B|16363 and 16905 and New Survey Nos. 1B|7216 and 2|7216 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 1 and 1A|355 and 1Aa|355 of the Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and both pieces together as one plot are bounded on the North by the said private road and beyond that the property of Khimji Cooverji, on the South by the property of H. H. The Rao of Cutch, on the East by the property of Gordhandas Jamnadas and others and on the West by the property of Bhagwandas Jamnadas and others and bearing D Ward No. 3314 (2), Street Nos. 68E to 68G.

Dated this 19th day of September, 1945.

MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4828

AUCTION SALES.

THE SALE OF CHINESE JADE ATRICLES, Cloisonne, Bronze, Jaipur marble works, wood carvings, gold and silver watches and clocks, cutlery and slightly used silk sarees and silver and gold embroidered borders WILL TAKE PLACE ON 20TH, 21ST AND 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1945, at 3 P. M. each at the room of the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

"TEN DAYS from Tonight you'll See PROOF that I can make you a New Man!"

Remember that no one is TOO OLD for exercise

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W228
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VAPEX
please make it last. If carefully used, a little goes a long way. After use the stopper should be tightly closed to avoid evaporation. Production will be resumed as soon as conditions permit
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A Drop on your Handkerchief
THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD.
Vale of Bardsley, Lancs., England

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UNTIL SUPPLIES ARE PLENTIFUL AND THERE IS VALUE FOR MONEY.

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Particulars of Certificates and Bonds available from your Bank or Hon. Sec., British Savings Committee,
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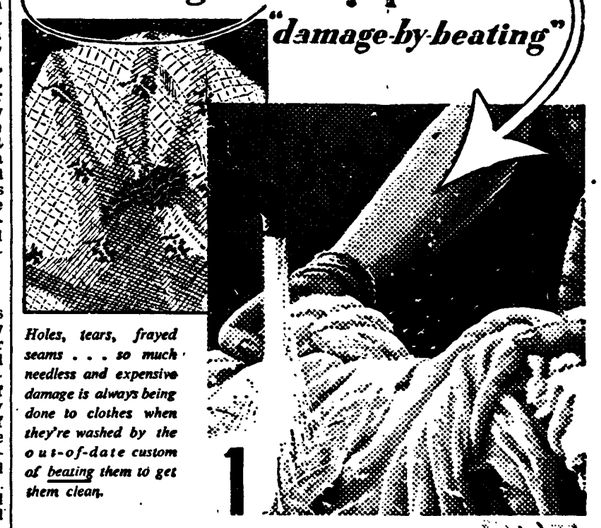
BWS/55

Washing this way prevents "damage-by-beating"



Holes, tears, frayed seams . . . so much needless and expensive damage is always being done to clothes when they're washed by the out-of-date custom of beating them to get them clean.

LOOK at these numbered pictures. They show you how to wash clothes without harming them.

(1) Thoroughly soak the garment to be washed—it makes no difference whether you do it under a tap, or in a tub or tank or stream. (2) When you've made the garment very wet, rub Sunlight Soap all over it (rub Sunlight very generously on the dirtiest parts). (3) Knead the soapy garment gently but thoroughly. *Don't beat it.* Just knead (in the way you knead dough when making chappattis), squeezing the soapy lather right into and through the texture of the cloth. There's no need for the cloth to be rubbed hard, or roughly handled at all. *Sunlight's "self-acting" lather will gently lift out all the dirt if you make sure, by thorough kneading, that Sunlight's "self-acting" lather reaches all the dirt. The "live" soap is this energetic lather loosens dirt almost as soon as it touches it—detaches the dirt from the cloth and absorbs it into the lather, so that when you rinse the cloth free from lather you rinse it free from dirt.*

(4) Rinse the garment free from the lather, which now contains the dirt.

Clothes washed this gentle Sunlight way last much, much longer.

SUNLIGHT SOAP SAVES CLOTHES

S 74-169 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

LIFE BEGINS AT 6 P.M.

VASANT: "OUR NEIGHBOURS SEEM TO ENJOY LIFE MORE THAN WE DO—WONDER WHERE THEY GET ALL THAT ZEST?"
VIDYA: "TELL ME YOUR SECRET"
NEIGHBOUR'S WIFE: "THERE'S NO SECRET. SINCE I GIVE MY HUSBAND LIPTON'S HIMALAYAN BLEND TEA HE IS IN THE BEST OF HUMOURS. IT GIVES HIM A NEW LEASE OF LIFE WHEN HE COMES HOME TIRED FROM OFFICE."
VIDYA: "TRUE! THE DAY BEGINS FOR THEM WHEN IT ENDS FOR US. SHOULD I ASK THEM?"
VIDYA: "I KNOW YOU ARE TIRED BUT TRY THIS CUP OF TEA. IT HAS BEEN RECOMMENDED TO ME."
VASANT: "YOU WERE RIGHT—I CERTAINLY FEEL VERY MUCH REFRESHED. IT IS SOMETHING NEW IN TEAS."
VIDYA: "AND QUITE INEXPENSIVE. YOU CAN HAVE IT DAILY FROM NOW."
VASANT: "WHAT'S THE USE, VIDYA—ALL TEAS ARE SURELY THE SAME."

Lipton's HIMALAYAN BLEND *PURE DARJEELING* **tea**

LTK 66

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